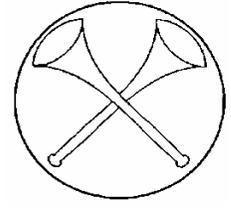


Caidan College of Heraldry
c/o Tiffany Horton
(661)247-5581
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Minutes of the June 12, 2016 Meeting

Meeting commenced at 11:00 AM.

In attendance were: Paul *Crescent*, Jeanne Marie *Blue Mountain*, Cormac *Decrescent*, Eridana *Ambre*, Damien *Sable Fret*, Thomas *Quatrefoil*, Keinvryd *Gold Forest*, Angharat *Coral*, Arite gune Akasa, and Bob of Mons Draconis. Attending electronically was Ariana *Trident*.

Meeting schedule for 2016: July 10th, Aug 14th, Sept 11, Oct 16th, Nov 13th, Dec 4th.

Approved submissions were forwarded to Laurel on the June 27th, 2016 Letter of Intent.

From Crescent:

- For the last few months weeks, I have been holding "Office hours" via Google Hangouts on Wednesday evenings. This has been well-received, so I plan to continue doing it, although based on feedback I will be shifting the time to 7:30-8:30 PM. If people want to connect and ask questions, feel free. The Google Hangout link will be posted on the Caid Heraldry email list & Facebook Group each evening when it starts.
- Last year, the College of Scribes had Scribal Playday in Monrovia. Mistress Aliskye and I have scheduled a Scribal and Heraldic Playday this year for August 28th.
- Ariana *Trident* was elevated to the rank of Herald at Potrero. In the same court, Their Majesties inducted her in the Order of the Crescent.
- Great thanks are due to Lord Rand Reynald, who completed his tenure as Gold Forest Pursuivant yesterday at Gyldenholt Anniversary. Sadly for Caid, Rand and his lady, Ysabelle, will be relocating very soon to the Kingdom of Æthelmearc. Fortunately for the College, Rand has found a worthy successor in Lady Keinvryd verch Talan. For the incoming and outgoing *Gold Forests*: huzzah!

June Submissions

Anliath an Einign - New Device. *Lozengy gules and argent, in pale two rermice sable.*

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Anna Moren - New Name.

Submitter accepts all changes and does not specify preferences.

Anna is an English female given name found with 15 examples in "Late Sixteenth Century English Given

Names" by Talan Gwynek (<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/eng16/eng16alpha.html>).

Moren is an English surname found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Alice Moren, married 27 Nov 1600 Ringwood, Hampshire, England Batch M15056-1
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:N264-TXF>

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Annora Wicher - New Name & New Device. *Or, two wyverns erect respectant the dexter azure and the sinister vert maintaining between them an egg gules.*

No preferences marked.

Annora is found in "Feminine Given Names in A Dictionary of English Surnames" by Talan Gwynek (<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/reaneyAG.html>) and dated 1187-1316.

Wicher is found as an English surname in FamilySearch Historical Records as:

Julian Wicher, married 12 Sep 1586, Birdham, Sussex, England, Batch M07015-1
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:N227-DZF>

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Arryn Mac Sweeney - New Name & New Device. *Per pale sable and vert, two boars combattant and on a chief Or a dog couchant sable.*

Originally submitted as *Aaryn Macsweeney*, the submitter approved the change to a more documentable form. The submitter also allows altering the name to *Arryn Sweeney* if necessary for registration.

Arryn is an English surname used as a given name, found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Fynlie Arryn, married 02 Jul 1627 Saint James, Clerkenwell, London, England M00141-1
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:V52S-KZZ>

Mac is an English surname found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Margaret Mac, married 31 July 1614, Wigan, Lancashire, England, M00556-1,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NL4Y-MW1>

Sweeney is a hypothetical spelling of the Anglicized Gaelic *Suibhne*, found in several variants in Family Search Historical Records:

- William Swenay, chr. 19 Jan 1595, Durham, England; P00050-1,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:N582-D6X>
- Orsillay Sweeney, chr. 25 Apr 1568, Durham, England; P00050-1,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:JMTL-45V>
- Ales Swinney, chr. 25 Nov 1587, Lincoln, England; C02591-1,

<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:J33S-4WT>

- William Swinnay, chr. 13 Jan 1596, Durham, England; P00050-1, <https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:J3XB-V47>

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

August Brier - New Name.

Submitter desires a masculine name. If the name must be changed, the sound “Ah-ghust” is most important.

August is found as an English given name in FamilySearch Historical Records:

August Ryglyson, married 04 Sep 1597, Lincoln, England; M03381-3, <https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NLHX-X8N>

Brier is an English surname found on the same site:

Edward Brier, married 01 Feb 1591, Buckingham, England; M10993-1, <https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:N27W-5Q2>

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Ayla Zengerlin – Kingdom Resub Device. *Per bend argent and sable, two mullets in bend purpure an an equatorium Or.*

The submitter's previous device submission of *Per bend Or and azure mullety argent, an astrolabe purpure and a moon in her plentitude argent* was returned by the Caid College of Heraldry in October 2012 for style issues:

Both astrolabes and moons in their plentitude are considered roundels with internal detailing. This therefore runs afoul of SENA A.3.D.1, which prohibits "two charges or depictions of charges that are artistic variants of one another or that otherwise are considered to have less than a distinct change (DC) between them" from appearing in the same piece of armory.

This redesign resolves that problem.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Belasset de Casal Drago - New Name.

Submitter desires a feminine name.

Belasset is found as a feminine given name in a Latinized French context dated to 1447-1449: Tresor des Chartes (registres), A. Longnon and A. Coulon (https://www.siv.archives-nationales.culture.gouv.fr/siv/rechercheconsultation/consultation/ir/pdfIR.action?irId=FRAN_IR_000423)

Per SENA Appendix C, French names can be combined with Iberian names for the period 1100-1600.

de Casal is a Spanish surname found in Family Search:

- Maria De Casal: Baptism: 1569: Vizcaya, Spain: C86581-6
- Felipe De Casal: Marriage: 1572: Vizcaya, Spain: M89014-1
- Antonia De Casal Y Zamudio: Marriage: 1633: Vizcaya, Spain: M89240-5
- Andres Mourino De Casal: Baptism: 1645: Pontevedra, Spain: C86540-1 (son of Alonso Mourino and Catalina De Casal)

The examples given for de Casal show it can be combined with another surname, in either position within the name phrase. Furthermore, 'de Casal' behaves as a single name element, remaining intact regardless of position in name phrase.

Drago is a Spanish surname found in Family Search:

- Ana Drago Gonzalez: Christening: 1618: Valladolid, Spain: C02614-7
- Francisco Garcia Drago: Christening: 1640: Valladolid, Spain: C87122-2

The examples given for Drago show it can be combined with another surname, in either position.

Submitter prefers 'Belasset de Casal Drago' if possible, but would accept 'Belasset Casal Drago' if documentation for the former proves insufficient.

Name returned for lack of payment.

Caid, Kingdom of - New Badge. (*Fieldless*) *In saltire a quill and a lute argent.*

This submission is to be associated with *Caidan Circle of Bards*.

In August 1979, the Kingdom of Caid registered a badge which was blazoned as *Azure, in saltire a quill and a lute argent, stringed sable* (associated with the now-defunct Troubadour's Guild). In August 2015, that badge was (quite rightly) reblazoned as *Azure, a lute bendwise sinister argent stringed sable surmounting a feather bendwise argent*. Given the number of pieces of armorial display created since 1979 from the original blazon, the Kingdom desires to register what Caidan bards are actually using, and to associate it with the currently-active *Caidan Circle of Bards*.

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Caid, Kingdom of - New Badge Association Change. *Azure, a lute bendwise sinister argent stringed sable surmounting a feather bendwise argent.*

The *Troubadour's Guild*, with which the original registration was associated, is defunct. The Kingdom desires that the badge be associated with its successor group, the *Caidan Circle of Bards*.

Badge association approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Catelin MacCane - New Name.

Originally submitted as *Caitlyn MacCain*, the submitter confirmed by email that *Catelin MacCane* is acceptable.

Catelin is a grey-period English feminine given name found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Catelin Maurenus; married 04 Jan 1637, London, England; M05426-1,
(<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NKGT-JV9>)

MacCane is a Scottish surname found in Black, s.n. Macian as *M'Cane* dated to 1538 and *Makcane* 1515.

There is a possible aural conflict with *Caitlin nicCoinnich* (registered August 1979). The Caid College of Heralds asks the College of Arms' assistance in determining this.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Denewulf de Tarascon - New Name

Submitter desires a masculine name.

Denewulf is found as an Old English given name in the late 9th/early 10th C: "Denewulf 1 (Male) Bishop of Winchester, 878x879-908" [Prosopography of Anglo Saxon England, <http://www.pase.ac.uk/jsp/DisplayPerson.jsp?personKey=2721>]

de Tarascon is a locative byname indicating the commune of Tarascon, France. *

Old English and French language groups can be combined, per Appendix C of SENA.

Angharat *Coral* notes: I have not been able to document the placename Tarascon within 300 years of the name Denewulf, which per my understanding would be required per Sena, due to mixing of regional language groups.

Assistance from the college is requested. below are some notes re: what i've established so far in my research:

The Eglise Ste-Marthe de Tarascon was consecrated in 1197, but I have not been able to find contemporary sources to validate the period form/spelling of the placename at that time. It appears as Tharascon, Tharascone and Tarascon in early 13th C sources (referring to the poet Ricau de Tharascone, or referenced in the hagiography of St. Martha contained in *Legenda Sanctorum* by Jacobus de Voragine). The webpage for the Chateau de Tarascon cites "vers 1030 : mention dans les archives de la présence d'une forteresse à Tarascon" (around 1030: mention in the archives of the presence of a fortress at Tarascon) - so it is clear this area was inhabited at least that early, as this is the 'ancient fortress' the 15th C chateau was later built upon. Without more information on what 'archives' this reference came from, I'm at a loss for how to locate this potential 11th C source.

Submitter will accept *Lingua Anglica* 'of Tarascon' if a contemporary French/Latin/Occitan form cannot be documented within 300 years of given name, but prefers French 'de' if at all possible.

Name returned for lack of payment.

Dýrfinna Valsdóttir: New Name and New Device. *Or, three falcons purpure.*

Submitter allows all changes. If the name must be changed, submitter cares most about the meaning, Dyrfinna, daughter of Valr. Submitted as *Dýrfinna Valrsdóttir* we have changed the byname to follow the rules of Old Norse grammar.

Dýrfinna is found as a feminine given name in Geirr Bassi p. 9

Valr is found as a masculine given name in Geirr Bassi p. 15. According to Geirr Bassi, p. 17, the genitive form is *Vals-*, yielding the patronymic **Valsdóttir**.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Dýrfinna Valsdóttir: New Badge. *(Fieldless) A hawk's lure purpure.*

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Gemma Evangelista Borgia: New Device Change. *Or, on a heart purpure a hart's head caboshed argent.*

Submitter wishes to retain her original device, *Purpure, a bend sable fimbriated between a stag springing and an arrow bendwise argent*, as a badge.

Device change approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Gilchrist Blackhart - New Name & New Device. *Argent, a stag's head cabossed sable maintaining in its mouth a smoking pipe bowl to sinister gules*

Submitter allows all changes. Appearing on the form as *Gilchrist Black Hart*, the submitter prefers the form *Gilchrist Blackhart*.

Gilchrist is found as a grey period Scots given name in FamilySearch Historical Records:
Gilchrist Mc Intaggird, chr. 23 Jul 1637, Perth, Scotland; C11360-2,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:VQ7B-DBV>

Blackhart is a constructed byname from an inn name, per the pattern <Colour + Animal> found in "English Sign Names" by Mari ingen Briain meic Donnchada (<http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/inn/>) which includes the examples <White Hart> and <Grayhorse>.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Gilchrist Blackhart - New Badge. *(Fieldless) Argent, a stag's head cabossed sable maintaining in its mouth a smoking pipe bowl to sinister gules*

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Godric Sellers - New Name & New Device. *Argent, a chevron inverted sable and overall a dragon gules maintaining a sword vebrdwise sinister sable.*

Submitter desires a masculine name. If the name must be change, the sound (unspecified) is most important.

Godric is found as a masculine English given name dated to 1086 in Withycombe, s.n. Godric. Godric is also found dated to 1066 in Reaney & Wilson s.n. Goodwright.

Sellers is the submitter's legal surname as attested by *Ambre* and Santiago del Centro, Cantonal Seneschal of Poll Na Ganmhe. It is also found as an English surname in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Willm. Sellers, married 09 Jun 1577, Lincoln, England; M03060-2,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NV58-V22>

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Griffith von Bremen - New Name.

Submitted as *Griffith von Berumen*, the submitter okayed the change of the byname to *von Bremen*.

Griffith is an English masculine given name found in Talan Gwynek's "Late Sixteenth Century English Given Names" (<http://www.sca.org/heraldry/laurel/names/eng16/eng16alpha.html>).

Bremen is the name of a town in Germany, dated in this spelling to 1583, as found in *Wahrhafte Widerlegung der vermeynten Entschuldigung der Prediger zu Bremen*

(https://books.google.com/books?id=j_JIAAAAcAAJ&printsec=frontcover&dq=bremen&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0ahUKEwiNtNWqg6PNAhUlfVIKHWrADWsQ6AEIITAB#v=onepage&q=bremen&f=false). According to SENA Appendix A, locative German names can be formed from placenames with *von*.

The Cover Letter to the February 2015 LoAR states:

Therefore, we will not add the English-German lingual mix to Appendix C of SENA. However, we will allow the borrowing of given names from German into English and vice versa, in the context of the 16th and early 17th centuries. An English given name that is borrowed from German is considered to be English under Appendix C, and a German given name that is borrowed from English is considered to be German.

Therefore, these name elements are combinable as a German name.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Hammash Mathan Mor: New Name and New Device. *Sable, a bear rampant contourny argent and a bordure compony of sixteen gules and argent.*

Hammash is an English given name found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Hammash Munkastle, chr. 27 Jul 1609, Lincoln, England; C02569-3,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:N216-VLK>

Mathan is an English surname found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Reynolde Mathan, chr. 27 Nov 1608, London, England; C02242-2,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NLNJ-NJV>

Mor is an English surname found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Nycollas Mor, married 27 Nov 1610, Leicester, England; M06450-1,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NK67-SLH>

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Hallr brjost Starsson - New Heraldic Will.

Submitter has submitted a revised will dated June 12, 2016:

I, [modern name redacted], known in the Society for Creative Anachronism, Incorporated (SCA) as Hallr brjost Starsson, release any names and armory registered to me at the time of my death, including but not limited to:

Name: Hallr brjost Starsson

Device: *Gules, a bezant and a sinister tierce Or.*

Badge: *Per pale Or and quarterly gules and argent, a weinleiter bendwise sinister sable.*

Heraldic will approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Henrik Black Wing - New Name.

Submitter allows all changes. If the name must be changed, the sound (unspecified) is most important.

Henrik is a masculine given name found in early grey period in Scotland:

- Henrik Stallen wife Katharin De Plancas 26 Nov 1609, Midlothian, Scotland; M19504-4, <https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:XYS3-CPX>

Black and **Wing** are both found on the same site as surnames in grey period Scotland:

- James Black Spouse Kathrine Stein 07 Aug 1636, Clackmannan, Scotland; M11465-6, <https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:XTLL-64V>
- George Wing Spouse Elspet Abnethie 1621, Banff, Scotland; M11165-2, <https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:XTLS-ZJH>

We ask the College of Arms for assistance in documenting the compound name **Blackwing**, as that is the submitter's preferred form.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

James Ravel - New Name.

Submitter desires a masculine name. If the name must be changed, the sound (ruh-VELL) is most important.

James is an English given name found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

James Awkyns, married 08 May 1547, London, England; M00160-1, <https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:V526-X6Q>

Ravel is an English surname found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Thomas Baker, married 09 Nov 1548, Surrey, England; M07408-2,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:N2DX-BV7>

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Jean Blackhart - New Name.

Appearing on the form as *Jean Black Heart*, the submitter prefers the compound form of the byname.

Jean is Scottish feminine name found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Jean Adam, chr.03 Jun 1629, Angus, Scotland; C11275-2,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:XBCD-YVD>

Blackhart is a constructed byname from an inn name, per the pattern <Colour + Animal> found in "English Sign Names" by Mari ingen Briain meic Donnchada (<http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/inn/>) which includes the examples <White Hart> and <Grayhorse>.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Jóra Haraldsdóttir - New Name.

Originally submitted as *Jóra Haraldadóttir*, we have corrected the formation of the patronymic.

Jóra is a feminine Old Norse given name found in Geirr Bassi p. 12

Haraldr is a male given name found in Geirr Bassi pg 11. According to Geirr Bassi, p. 17, the genitive form is *Haralds-*, yielding the patronymic **Haraldsdóttir**.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Klaus Axelsson - New Device. *Azure, a duck displayed argent armed and beaked Or maintaining an axe and a hammer argent.*

It is a SFPP to have a duck displayed. The depiction of the duck as displayed loses the body shape which would normally grant difference of bird type from eagles or other displayed avians.

There is a possible conflict with the important non-SCA arms of the House of Este, *Azure, an eagle displayed argent crowned Or*. The Caid College of Heraldry believes that changing the crown to the axe and hammer technically grant change of type, number, and tincture of maintained charges. We were able to find examples of uncrowned Este armory, but these are not currently protected.

There may also be a conflict with Francesca of Bright Angel, *Azure, a dove displayed, head elevated argent.* (Jan 1973). There is one DC for addition of secondary charges. We cannot make a call on whether there is sufficient visual difference between a dove and a duck, and so ask the College of Arms for commentary.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Mirabel Sellers - New Name.

Submitter desires a feminine name. If the name must be changed, the sound (Mira Sellers) is most important.

Mirabel is an English feminine given name found in "Feminine Given Names in A Dictionary of English Surnames" by Talan Gwynek (<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/reaneyHZ.html>) dated to 1273.

Sellers is an English surname in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Willm. Sellers, married 09 Jun 1577, Lincoln, England; M03060-2,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NV58-V22>

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Naevehjem, Barony of - New Order Name. *Order of the Dragon's Hoard.*

No major changes.

The OED defines "hoard" as "1. An accumulation or collection of anything valuable hidden away or laid by for preservation or future use; a stock, store, esp. of money; a treasure." It was first spelled this way in 1590 by Shakespeare: "Squirrels hoard."

The Barony has grandfathered to it the pattern of "Order of the Dragon's <treasure>" as registered in the *Order of the Dragon's Gem* (Sept 1994, Caid).

The form has been signed by the Baron, Baroness and the Seneschal.

Order name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Octavius Aguilar - New Name.

Sound (given name Octavius) most important.

Originally submitted as *Octavius Aquilarius* the submitter allowed the change to the surname.

Octavius is a nomen on A Simple Guide to Imperial Roman Names Ursula Georges <http://heraldry.sca.org/names/roman.html>. It is also found Belgian given name in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Octavius Stetsue, chr. 17 Mar 1636, Namur, Belgium; C79711-3,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:FV SX-DLB>

Octavio is a Spanish given name found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Octavio De Alta Arriba, chr. 21 Feb 1580, Valladolid, Spain; C87111-1,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:FFZV-26J>

Aguilar is found as a Spanish surname found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Juan Aguilar, chr. 16 Jun 1511, Valladolid, Spain; C87384-1,
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:F5WY-37V>

This documentation is not sufficient to permit the registration of the submitted name. While the submitter allows all changes, the Caid College of Heraldry did not feel comfortable changing the name to *Octavio Aguilar* without giving the submitter a chance to consider his options.

Name returned for lack of documentation.

Olaff greypr - New Name.

Submitted as *Olaff greypr*, the submitter allows all changes and will accept *Olafr greypr* (second choice) or *Olaf greypr* (third choice) if necessary for registration.

Olaff is found as a masculine Finnish given name and 12 times as a patronymic in "Vanhat nimityyppimme" by Rouva Gertrud (<http://heraldry.sca.org/heraldry/laurel/names/FinnishNamesArticle.htm>) and dated to 1432.

greypr is an Old Norse nickname found in Geirr Bassi. pg 22. meaning "gripper, fierce, cruel"

It is not clear from SENA Appendix C and the likely temporal distance between these two name elements whether or not they can be combined. The Old Norse form of the given name is *Óláfr*, found in Geirr Bassi, pg. 13. We ask the assistance of the College of Arms in determining if the submitted elements be combined, and if not, the submitter will accept the Old Norse form, preferably without accents.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Reyue Night Walker - New Name.

The submitter allows all changes. If the name must be changed, the sound (unspecified) is most important.

The submitter would prefer *Reyue Nightwalker*, which we were unable to document. We ask the College of Arms' assistance in documenting the compound version of the byname.

Reyue is an English surname, here being used as a given name, found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Martha Reyue, chr. 15 Sep 1566, Suffolk, England; C06277-2
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:N5YR-VM6>

Night is an English surname found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Cutbert Night, married 24 Nov 1579, Leicester, England; M03452-1
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NL32-SYS>

Walker is an English surname found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

Anges Walker, married 02 Nov 1602, London, England; M02242-2
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NJPJ-221>

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Seraphina Bluebird - New Name.

The submitter allows all changes. If the name must be changed, the sound (unspecified) is most important. Appearing on the form as *Seraphina Blue Bird*, the submitter prefers the compound form of the byname.

Seraphin an English masculine given name found in FamilySearch Historical Records:

- Seraphin Whisler, married 25 Aug 1588, London, England; M00143-1
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:V5KD-N3V>
- Seraphin Bosworth, chr. 30 Mar 1624; Cornwall, England; C05318-1
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:JMTH-3QW>
- Seraphin Starke, chr. 13 Dec 1629, Devon England; C05160-1
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:J7SG-CM9>

There is a pattern of feminizing English masculine given names (early on only in Latinized forms, later in vernacular forms as well), including Christian/Christiana and Phillip/Phillipa, both found in "Late Sixteenth Century English Given Names" by Talan Gwynek (<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/eng16/eng16alpha.html>). This would make the feminine form **Seraphina**.

Bluebird is a constructed byname from an inn name, per the pattern <Colour + Animal> found in "English Sign Names" by Mari ingen Briain meic Donnchada (<http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/inn/>) which includes the examples <White Hart> and <Grayhorse>.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Sophia Cziokor - New Name & New Device. *Per pale purpure and argent, two stags combattant*

counterchanged.

The submitter allows minor but not major changes. If the name must be changed, she cares most about the sound (unspecified) and the language/culture (Hungarian/Eastern European).

Sophia is found as a feminine Hungarian given name in "Names of women in late 16th century Hungarian court records from Transylvania" by Julia P. Szent-Györgyi(<https://www.s-gabriel.org/names/julia/Proceedings2011.html>) dated 1589-1591.

Cziokor is found as a surname in the same source under the section Three-element names:

nehaj Cziokor Ferenczne Orsolia: goodwife Ursula, Mrs. the late Francis Csokor (Bouquet)

The article notes that one pattern for forming women's names (making up 3.9% of the names surveyed) is "maiden name" form of <woman's surname> + <given name>.

The Cover Letter to the August 2013 LoAR notes:

One well-known feature of Hungarian is that names do not follow the typical European name order. In vernacular (Hungarian) contexts, the given name follows the family name. In Latinized contexts, the given name precedes it. Thus, a name might be recorded in vernacular form as *Andrasfi Lazlo* or *Nagy Miklos* and in Latinized form as *Laudislaus Andrasfi* or *Michael Nagy*. As it is often difficult for the non-expert to determine if a name is Latinized or not, and many articles do not distinguish between Latinized and vernacular forms, we allow the registration of Hungarian names in either order.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Þorinn inn rauði - New Name.

Submitter allows all changes. If the name must be changed, the sound (Thorin) is most important.

Þorinn is an Old Norse masculine given name. From the registration of Þorin Stáli, (January 2013, Ansteorra):

Thorin is documented as an Anglo-Norse or Old English name. Either could be spelled with a thorn, so the name is fine as submitted. The submitter may want to know that the typical Old Norse spelling is Þorinn. (<http://heraldry.sca.org/loar/2013/01/13-011ar.html#29>)

inn rauði is a byname found in Geirr Bassi, p. 26, meaning "red".

This conflicts with *Þorfinnr inn rauði*, registered 2/2015.

Name returned for conflict.
