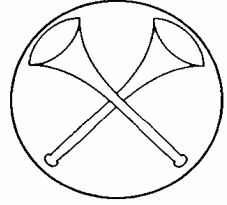


Caidan College of Heraldry

c/o Paul Tevis
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Minutes of the March 8, 2015 Meeting

Meeting commenced at 11:30 AM.

In attendance were: Cormac *Crescent*, Paul *Dolphin*, Brianna *Courtesy*, Jeanne Marie *Noir Licorne*, Thomas *Quatrefoil*, Angharat *Coral*, Damien *Sable Fret*, Ariana *Trident*, Elizabeth *Beau Coeur*, Manus *Wintermist*, Ardgall Mac Domnall, Estrith *Dolphin Designate*, and Ulfr inn Riki.

Meeting schedule for 2015: April 12, May 17 (at Collegium Caidis), June 21 (with more to come later).

Approved submissions were forwarded to Laurel on the March 31, 2015 Letter of Intent.

From Crescent:

Roster updates are currently out. If you are a herald and have not received an email from me requesting your contact info and membership number, contact me immediately.

Avicia *Exchequer* is looking for a replacement. Please contact me if you are interested in taking over the role.

From Courtesy:

The equestrian community is looking for help at GWW's contest on Friday. They are looking for personal heralds to increase the pageantry of the pas. Interested parties can contact Brianna.

Society News:

Rand Reynald, *Gold Forest* Pursuivant, was elevated to the Order of the Dolphin at Calafia/Gyldenholt Friendship Tournament.

The Premiers of the Order of Defense have been announced, and the elevations will occur at Darach Anniversary.

Lot Ramirez was offered companionship in the Order of the Laurel for work in combat arts and performance. He will be elevated at King's Hunt. Baroness Rebecca was also offered the Laurel for her work in vexillology.

From Trident:

Potrero War has consultation, currently scheduled for Friday and Saturday, 10-2. We need a herald to run the consultation table. We are also looking for town criers.

March Submissions

Æsa Knarrarbringa (Western Seas) – New Name & New Device. *Argent, on a pomme a sea-serpent ondoyant argent.*

Submitter desires a feminine name and allows all changes. Originally submitted as *Odriana Knarrarbringa*, when it was pointed out that *Odriana* was a Dutch given name, the submitter asked for it to be changed to *Æsa*.

Æsa is a feminine Old Norse byname found in Geir Bassi, p.17

Knarrarbringa is a feminine Old Norse byname found in Geir Bassi, p.24

We believe this to clear of *Asta knarrarbringa* (June 2010, Atlantia) for changes in both sound and appearance to both syllables of the given name (A- vs. Æ- and -sa vs. -sta).

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Alexandros Kalothetos (Naevehjem) - New Name.

Submitter desires a masculine name and allows minor but not major changes.

Alexandros is a masculine Greek given name dated 1322 found in “Personal Names of the Aristocracy in the Roman Empire During the Later Byzantine Era - Masculine Given Names” by Bardas Xiphias at http://heraldry.sca.org/names/byzantine/masc_given_names.html

Kalothetos is a Greek family name dated 1357 found in the same article at http://heraldry.sca.org/names/byzantine/family_names.html

The College of Heraldry of Caid feels that there is no conflict with Alexandros Kaloethes. “thetos” vs “ethes” are two completely different auditory syllable combinations. Some concern was raised for visual conflict on the name, as some people thought they looked like simple misspellings of one another.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Alice Upton (Gyldenholt) – Kingdom Resub Device *Quarterly argent and purpure, in bend two Liver birds, wings addorsed, contourny sable.*

The submitter's previous device submission, *Per pale purpure and sable, an eagle rising maintaining a sheaf of arrows argent*, was returned by the Caid College of Heraldry at their March 2014 meeting for conflict. This is a complete redesign.

The Liver bird is found in the seal of the city of Liverpool, granted by King John and dated to the 1350s. While the seal is no longer extant, impressions of the seal exist (see image).



Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Angus le Todde Mac Donnell (Isles) – New Badge. (*Fieldless*) *A heart Or.*

Against other hearts, the closest we found were Elizabeth Talbot of Meath, (*Fieldless*) *A heart Or pierced in saltire by two needles vert* (8/1994) and Erika von Goldenherz, *Bendy embattled grady azure and argent, a heart sundered in bend sinister dancetty Or.* (8/1971). There was a possibility that the needles wouldn't be substantial enough to count for difference, or that the sundering of Erika's heart was an artistic detail that got lost at distance. After checking, however, the needles are most definitely substantial, and Erika's heart is sundered by a bend sinister dancetty of the field. Clear for both.

Against seeblatter, this conflicts with Karl von Schattenburg, (*Fieldless*) *A seeblatt Or* (August 1996). We are anticipating a ruling coming down soon that may or may not give a DC for seeblatter against hearts, and the submitter has requested that this badge be forwarded with that understanding.

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Athanaric Thaurismunths sunus (Starkhafn) – New Household Name & New Badge. *Drengsheimr. Per fess azure and argent, a tree eradicated counterchanged and a bordure embattled gules.*

Submitter allows minor but not major changes. If the name must be changed, the language (Norse, approx 900-1000 AD) is most important.

Drengr is an Old Icelandic word found in Cleasby & Vigfusson, p. 105, meaning "rock or pillar." It also occurs in Fellow-Jensen p. 72 s.n. *Drengr*, and in Nordiskt runnamnslexikon s.n. *Drengr*, as a given name. The genitive form would be **Drengs-**

heimr is an Old Icelandic word found in Cleasby & Vigfusson, p. 251, meaning "abode." The Academy of St. Gabriel Report 3279 notes that farms were often named for topographical features by combining the feature with "-heimr" to form the name.

Only a single household name, *Eplaheimer*, following this pattern has been registered but the Caid College of Herlads found nothing that overturned this precedent:

There was some question about whether a Viking-era farm name is an appropriate model for a household name. Since we register household names based on late-period English manors, a Viking-era farm name is similarly registerable. [Ságadís Duncansdaughter and Sigmundur Hákonsson, 01/2002, R-Drachenwald]

Household name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Athararic Thaurismunths sunus (Starkhafn) – Laurel Resub Device. *Per chevron sable and azure, in base three wolves courant in annulo argent.*

The submitter's previous device with the same blazon was returned by Laurel on the June 2014 LoAR for lack of identifiability of the wolves. We believe this redrawing addresses the reason for return.

There is a step from period practice for the use of charges in annulo not in their default palewise orientation.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Briana Heron (Naevehjem) – Laurel Resub Device. *Purpure, a poodle salient contourny within four needles in cross points clockwise argent.*

The submitter's previous device with the same blazon was returned by Laurel on the November 2014 LoAR:

This device is returned for violating SENA A2C1 which states that "Elements must be drawn in their period forms". Although there is evidence that the poodle is a breed that was known in period, the specific "show" shearing has not been documented and the period illustrations showed dogs that, when sheared, had hair left on the front half of the animal up to the shoulder level and the section behind the shoulder completely shaved with no ornamental poms of hair.

This redraw addresses the reason for return.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Brígiða Úlfssystir (Naevehjem) – Appeal of Kingdom Return of Name & Kingdom Resub Device. *Argent, a pale azure between two wolves combattant sable.*

Submitter desires a feminine name and allows all changes. If the name must be change, the language (Old Norse) and meaning (wolf sister) are most important.

Brígiða is a feminine Norse given name found in Geirr Bassi, p. 8.

Úlfssystir is a byname of relationship, meaning Úlfr's sister, translated from runes found on the Tryggevælde Runestone (DR 230) housed in the National Museum of Denmark in Copenhagen.

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tryggevælde_Runestone>

This name was returned at the February 2015 meeting for lack of documentation of the byname. Although some documentation was found for a "sister of" byname of relationship in medieval Swedish [Sveriges medeltida personnamn (SMP)], nothing other than patronymics and matronymics could be found in Old Norse (Geir Bassi and Lind, Norsk-Isländska Dopnamn ock Fingerade Namn från Medeltiden).

Aryanhwy *Schwartzdrachen* kindly writes in support of this appeal: "We haven't in the past generally distinguished between 'actual name element' and 'descriptive phrase' -- in fact, in the period of literal bynames, these two are basically the same thing..." And the countess goes on (after a paragraph stating that Old Norse is what we register, not runic spellings): "Also, I am humbly submitting further documentation for the use of `systir' in period via advice from Ffride Wlffsdotter. Her commentary may be seen here:

"Descriptive bynames ending with -systir:

Lind personbinamn col. 3 sn. Allra systir [everyone's sister]

<Yngvildr allra systir> Landnamabok

column 281 sn. Prests systir [priest's sister]

<Gunilder prestsyster> 1445

"Moving into Rundata:

"U 167 <Ginnlaug, Holmgeirs dóttir, systir Sigrðar>

<http://abdn.ac.uk/skaldic/db.php?table=mss&id=17439&view=...>

"G 173 M (no personal name preserved)<Mundvalds systir>

<https://www.abdn.ac.uk/skaldic/db.php?id=18611&if=runic...>

"DR 230 (we've seen this one already)

<Ragnhildr, systir Ulfs>

"I would suggest that we have a pattern of women with bynames using the element -systir. The second issue is one of grammar -- Old Norse is highly inflected, so word order is not as nearly important as it is in English, hence why we standardise our Old Norse bynames as <name in genitive><relationship marker>, although other forms should be registerable.

"As an illustration of this, note the following from Rundata:

"Sö 101

Sigrír... móðir, dóttir Orms

[Sigríðr... mother Alrik's, daughter Orm's]

"DR 4

Ásfríðr... dóttir Óðinkárs

[Ásfríðr... daughter Óðinkár's]

"Br Olsen;215 \$ (no personal name)

dóttir Dufgals

[daughter Dufgal's]

"So the example of DR 230 <systir Ulfs> should not be a bar to registering <Úlfssystir>."

Submitter accepts all changes and will allow creation of a holding name if necessary. She wants an Old Norse byname meaning "wolf sister" if she can have it. If not, the submitter will reluctantly accept the patronymic, "Úlfsdóttir", to register a name. [Úlfsdóttir -- an Old Norse patronymic meaning "daughter of a man named Úlfr". Úlfr -- a masculine Old Norse given name found in Geirr Bassi, p. 15. The patronymic is formed by adding -dóttir to the genitive form of Úlfr, which is Úlfs, to give Úlfsdóttir per the rules on p. 17.]

The Caid College of Heraldry supports this appeal.

Name appeal forwarded to Laurel with support. Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Constanza de Valencia (Isles) –New Badge. (*Fieldless*) *On a polypus azure a cogwheel Or*

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Diana Ewan (Starkhafn) – New Name & New Device. *Or, three thistles proper, a bordure embattled azure semy of dragonflies argent.*

Submitter desires a feminine name and allows all changes.

Diana is an English feminine given name found in Withycombe, pg. 83 and dated to 1580.

Ewan is an English surname found in FamilySearch Historical Records, including:

- Ellen Ewan, chr. 11 Sep 1599, Lancashire, Batch P00522-1 (<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NP1L-QTR>)
- Jaymes Ewan, chr. 30 Mar 1589, Kent, Batch C02159-6 (<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:J7GQ-R6P>)
- Thomas Ewan, chr. 30 May 1589, Lancashire, Batch P00900-1 (<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:V5VW-7SM>)
- Rallinge Ewan, chr. 13 May 1586, Lancashire, Batch P00900-1 (<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:V5VW-77W>)

The College had major issues with the design of this device. Many felt that the thickness of the bordure and relative size of the battlements made this appear to be a charged escutcheon. The battlements should be the same size as the smaller thickness of the bordure. Others noted that the bordure could not be smaller without hindering identifiability of the dragonflies. We feel that there is no identifiable way of depicting the device as requested, and recommend a complete redesign. Suggestions include charging a central ordinary, or use of a chief with three dragonflies. Alternatively, we found no conflict with the design, dropping the dragonflies.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device returned for redraw and redesign.

Elisheva bat Yisrael (Angels) – New Household Name & New Badge. *Inn of the Sable Hart. (Fieldless) A hart courant sable*

The submitter allows minor but not major changes. If the name must be changed the meaning (unspecified) and spelling are most important.

The pattern "Inn of the (color) + (animal)" is documented from English Sign Names by Mari ingen Briain meic Donnchada at <http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/inn>. The website lists several inns of the pattern color+animal (Greyhorse, Red Lyon, White Hart, etc.)

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Gwen Hir and Paul fitz Denis (Isles) – New Household Name & New Badge. *Sherwood Hall. (Fieldless) A hurst proper.*

Sherwood is an English placename found in Watts, p. 544 (s.n. Sherwood Forest) with variant spellings *Sherwode* 1325-1500 and *Shearwood* 1576. It is the source of the English locative byname Sherwood found in R&W on p.405 (s.n. Sherwood, Shearwood) with examples William de *Shirewude* 1219, Alan de *Shirewod* 1327, John *Shirwood* 1405, and Elizabeth *Sherwood* 1529.

By precedent, English household names may use the patterns "<surname> + Hall" or "<placename> + Hall" [Sythe Blackwolfe, Dec 2007, Calontir-R]

There was concern raised by the College that use of "Sherwood" as the substantive element conflicts with the semi-mythical Sherwood Forest, the home of Robin Hood and location of many of his adventures. While the college was divided about whether it should be returned, a slim majority of those present supported sending it up for Laurel's decision.

Household name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Hannah of Nordwache (Nordwache) – New Name and Device. *Quarterly Or and vert, a toad salient contourny marked counterchanged.*

Hannah is a feminine Hebrew name that came "into fashion" in England during the Reformation (Withycombe, 3rd edition, p. 145 s.n. Hannah), which a number of sources consider having started with Martin Luther posting his postulates in Wittenburg, October 1517. The name has been registered multiple times with the College of Arms, most recently in an English name context in 2005, to Hannah Marie Lamb.

Nordwache is a territorial name in the SCA, registered April 1984 via Caid.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Hette Vitze (Isles) – New Badge. *(Fieldless) A salamander passant purpure enflamed proper*

Originally submitted in a depiction that appeared closer to *(Fieldless) On a flame proper a salamander purpure*, the submitter redrew a version with a more appropriate number of flames.

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Hette Vitze (Isles) – New Badge. *(Fieldless) A fireball bendwise purpure enflamed proper*

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Janus Neon Bakin (Gyldenholt) –New Name and Device. *Argent, a chevron of chain and in base a palmer's staff sable.*

Submitter desires a masculine name and allows minor but not major changes. Originally submitted as *Janus Neon Bakinvich*, we have changed the name to match the documentation.

Janus is a masculine Russian name found in *A Dictionary of Russian Names* by Paul Wickenden 3rd Edition pg. 126 as a diminutive of Ian, the Polish version of John. Dated spellings include Janusz (1553). Under Ian, p. 114, we have *Janus* Petkaitys, dated 1566.

Neon is a Russian masculine given name found in the same source on pg. 233 and dated to 1356.

Bakin is a patronymic byname found in the same source on page 16 s.n. Baka, dated to 1355.

The pattern of double given names for Russian is found in Appendix A, as long as one is Slavic and the other is Christian. Neon is a Slavic name while Janus as a variation of John is a Christian name.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Jehanna of Glencairn (Naevehjem) – New Name & New Device. *Purpure, a horse rampant and on a chief argent a wolf couchant sable.*

Submitter allows all changes and desires a feminine name.

Jehanna is a feminine Scots given name dated 1602 found in the "Scotland Births and Baptisms, 1564-1950" index, FamilySearch Indexing Project (Batch) Number: C11718-2 <<https://familysearch.org/pal:/MM9.1.1/XTY8-6R8>>.

Glencairn is a place in Scotland cited in the British History Online, Extracts from the Records of the Burgh of Edinburgh, 1557-1571. <<http://www.british-history.ac.uk/edinburgh-burgh-records/1557-71/pp227-232>>. Also, Johnston, p. 192.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Johannes de Seleone and Elizabeth of Roxbury Mill (Nordwache) – Laurel Resub Badge. *(Fieldless) A wooden drakkar proper under sail Or, sustaining in chief two roses argent barbed and seeded proper.*

The submitters' badge of (Fieldless) Two double roses argent conjoined to a wooden drakkar proper sailed Or, was returned by Laurel on the November 2014 LoAR noting:

This badge is returned for redraw, for blurring the distinction between primary and secondary charge groups. It is difficult to tell if the drakkar is meant to be the primary charge, with the roses as a secondary charge group or if this is meant to be a single group of three charges. If the submitter intends a primary boat and secondary roses, the best solution will likely be to draw the roses significantly smaller, so that they are clearly not part of the primary charge group.

The badge has been redrawn to address the reason for return.

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Johannes de Seleone (Nordwache) – New Name Change. *Johannes Jarnleggr*

If registered, the submitter's old name is to be retained as an alternate.

Johannes is a masculine Old Norse given name found in Geirr Bassi, p. 12.

Jarnleggr is a constructed Old Norse byname based on elements found in Geirr Bassi. *Jarn-* appears on p. 24, in several names ending in body parts, including eye, side, skull, etc. *Leggr* appears on p. 25, meaning leg.

Alternate name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Katrin Steffansdottir (Wintermist) – New Badge. *Argent, on a billet purpure in chief a decrescent argent.*

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Kong Lian Bao (Isles) – New Badge. *(Fieldless) A boar courant contourny azure*

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Lisabetta Davanzati (Western Seas) – New Name & New Device. *Quarterly azure and purpure, four mascles argent*

Submitter desires a feminine name and allows all changes.

Lisabetta is an Italian feminine name, found in Italian Renaissance Names @ <http://heraldry.sca.org/names/italian.html>

Davanzati is an Italian surname listed in *Names from 15th and 16th Century Pisa* by Juliana de Luna, from the 2014 KWHSS proceedings.

(http://heraldry.sca.org/kwhss/2014/Juliana_de_Luna/Names_from_15th_and_16th_Century_Pisa.pdf)

The device was redrawn at the meeting on concerns of consistent depictions of the mascles. The submitter has seen and approved the artwork.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Lot Ramirez (Gyldenholt) – New Alternate Name and New Badge. *Juceff ben Miguel. (Fieldless) on a mullet of six points elongated to base argent a crescent azure.*

Submitter desires a masculine name and accepts all changes.

Juceff is the Spanish vernacular equivalent of the Hebrew given name *Yoyséf* is found in Jews in Catalonia, 1250 – 1400, <http://heraldry.sca.org/names/catalanjews/CatalanJews-given-men.html>,

Miguel is the Spanish vernacular equivalent of the Hebrew given name *Mikhl*, found in <http://heraldry.sca.org/names/spanish/male-given-freq.html>.

SENA Appendix A notes, "Vernacular bynames often follow the Hebrew forms (so mostly patronymic), but are generally written following the standards for the local vernacular. Occasionally, the particles are transliterated from the Hebrew (e.g., "N filius B ben C" in a Latin document). Other kinds of bynames (especially locative bynames and the byname meaning "Jew" in the vernacular) are found as well."

The use of a six-pointed star elongated to base is grandfathered to the submitter.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Lot Ramirez (Gyldenholt) – Kingdom Resub Badge. *Per chevron azure and sable, a mullet of six points elongated to base and in chief a rapier reversed argent.*

The use of a six-pointed star elongated to base is grandfathered to the submitter.

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Mairi Graham of Nordwache (Nordwache) – New Device. *Sable, a dragon and a unicorn addorsed and on a chief argent a thistle vert headed purpure.*

There was some concern about the health of the animals, and the submitter is encouraged to feed her charges more.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Marisa Rus (Starkhafn) – New Name & New Device. *Sable, on a chevron argent three natural sea-tortoises azure.*

The submitter allows all changes and indicated no preferences.

Marisa is the submitter's legal name, as appears on her Nevada driver's license and attested to by Cormac *Crescent* and Elinor *Flame*.

Rus is found as a late- and grey-period English Surname in FamilySearch Historical Records, including:

- William Rus, christened 1610, Kent, Batch C14754-1 (<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:ND48-X61>)
- Sibell Rus, married 1608, Wiltshire, Batch M15349-1 (<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NXMK-K53>)
- Jane Rus, married 1629, Middlesex, Batch M01722-1 (<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:NJ8F-1YC>)

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Martin Martinson (Nordwache) – New Name & New Device. *Sable, a tree eradicated between three martens argent.*

Submitter desires a masculine name and allows all changes.

Martin is an English masculine given name found in Withycomb pg.219 and dated 1258.

Martinson is an English patronymic byname found in R&W pg. 300 and dated to 1463.

As originally submitted, the secondary charges were far too small to be recognizable, the tree was not illustrated in a heraldic manner. With the submitter's permission it was redrawn.

This is clear of *Sable, a tree blasted and eradicated and in chief three triskelions of spirals argent* (Gynuara Wyndswift, May 2010, An Tir) for the change of type and arrangement of the secondary charges. It is also clear of *Sable, on a tree blasted and eradicated argent a pawprint sable* (Luca delli Lupi, Feb 2013, AEthelmarc) for the addition of a secondary charge group and the removal of a tertiary.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Marwyn Breese (Naevehjem) – New Name & New Device. *Vert, a seahorse and on a chief wavy argent two forget-me-nots purple seeded argent.*

Submitter desires a feminine name and allows all changes.

Marwyn is a feminine Welsh given name; Welsh spelling of the name of 5th C Cornish Saint Marwenna <www.earlybritishkingdoms.com/bios/marwenna.html>. It is also found dated to between 1586 and 1613 in "A Sampling of Names from the Heraldic Visitations of Wales" by Jennifer McGowan, from *Y Camamseriad*, Issue 4, by Heather Rose Jones (ska Tangwystyl verch Morgant Glasvryn), Harpy Music, Summer 1996.

Breese is an anglicized Welsh patronymic 'the son of Rees', Welsh Ab-Rees; found in Bardsley, *A Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames*, 1901, pp. 130-131: David Breese of London 1621.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Nordwache, Barony of – Kingdom Resub Order Name. *Order of Ember of Nordwache.*

Submitted as the *Order of Imber*, this would have been returned for conflict with Ember Herald (Meridies) and likely Ambre Pursuivant (Caid). The submitter okayed the change to the current form.

Ember is a grey-period English given name, found in FamilySearch Historical Records:
Ember Mason, married Arther Dakin, 09 Aug 1649, Shropshire, England (Batch M01575-1)
<https://familysearch.org/ark:/61903/1:1:N285-KQC>

Nordwache is a territorial name in the SCA, registered April 1984 via Caid.

The August 2005 Cover Letter gives the pattern of "Order of <given name>" as acceptable for Orders.

Order name approved and forwarded to Laurel

Reinhard von die Hasen - (Naevehjem) Kingdom Resub Device. *Vert, on a pile throughout azure fimbriated between two hares combattant, a wolf sejant ululant argent.*

The submitter's previous device submission *Per chevron azure and vert, two hares combatant and a wolf sejant ululant argent* was returned by the Caid College of Heraldry at their February 2015 meeting for multiple quadruped postures in the same charge group [SENA A.3.D.2.c (Unity of Posture and Orientation)]. The submitter has done a redesign using the fimbriated pile suggestion from the return.

The ululant wolf is a Step From Period Practice.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Sephare Ravening (Western Seas) – Kingdom Resub Device. *Per fess vert and purple, a fess fusilly between four ravens three and one argent.*

Her previous device, *Vert, on a fess fusilly between four ravens three and one argent, two ravens purple* was returned by the Caid College of Heraldry at their October 2014 meeting for lack of identifiability of the tertiary charges.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Shanti Govindi – (Lyondemere) New Device. *Vert, a mermaid affronty argent tailed sable.*

No name was submitted with this device, nor submitted previously, nor registered.

Device returned for lack of name.

Sidney Eileen of Starkhafn (Starkhafn) – New Name & New Device. *Gyronny arrondi Or and purple, a triskelion of oak leaves vert conjoined to triskelion of acorns Or, all stems to center*

The submitter allows no changes.

Sidney Eileen is the submitter's legal name as it appears on the Clark County, Nevada Order for Change of Name, as attested by Paul *Dolphin* and Ariana *Trident*.

The **Barony of Starkhafn** is the registered name of the branch in which the submitter resides (May 1985, Caid).

There is a conflict with either Rutger van Groningen: “Gyronny of six sable and argent, three oak leaves in pall inverted vert fructed Or. (10/97)” or Sigismund Vasa Care, “Ermine, in pall three oak leaves conjoined vert, veined sable, between three acorns, one and two, Or” (10/76). Either the acorns are maintained charges, in which case there is only one DC from Sigismund for field, or they are sustained secondaries, in which case there is one DC against Rutger for field. Charges on each section of a divided field are normally considered co-primary charges, so the College is impressed that a single submission can blur the lines between maintained, sustained secondary, and sustained co-primary all at the same time.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device returned for conflict.

Sile inghean Fhaolain (Isles) – New Badge. *(Fieldless) On rose azure a harp Or*

This is not a display of the arms of Ireland, *Azure, a harp Or*. A rose is not a medium of heraldic display.

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Úlfr inn ríki (Wintermist) – New Name and Device. *Vert, in pale two wolves' heads erased argent.*

Úlfr is a masculine Norse given name found in Geirr Bassi, p. 15.

inn ríki is a descriptive byname meaning “the mighty” found in Geirr Bassi p. 26.

As originally submitted, the emblazon was likely to be returned for improperly drawing heads erased, as described in the Cover Letter to the November 2001 LoAR:

Therefore, for purposes of recreating period armorial style for erasing, the erasing should (1) have between three and eight jags; (2) have jags that are approximately one-sixth to one-third the total height of the charge being erased; and (3) have jags that are not straight but rather are wavy or curved.

The submitter was at the meeting and approved the redraw of the erasing to be more prominent.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Wolffram von Penning (Starkhafn) – New Name.

Submitter allows minor but not major changes and desires a masculine name. If the name must be changed, the sound (unspecified) is most important.

Wolffram is a masculine German given name found in Bahlow s.n. Wolfram, noted as popular in the Middle Ages, after the minnesinger Wolfram von Eschenbach. Bahlow gives several variant spellings, but none with the doubled "F" (although other *Wolf*- names in Bahlow are given in *Wolf(f)*- forms).

Penning is a German family name meaning "penny" found in Bahlow s.n. Penning with compound forms *Endepenning* dated to 1351 and *Teynpenninge* dated to 1366.

SENA Appendix A notes that "von" is used in German locative bynames with names of cities or towns. No documentation was provided, nor could any be found, that Penning was a German placename in period. While *Wolfram Penning* would likely be a registerable German name supported by the provided documentation, the submitter does not allow major changes, so we are unable to drop the "von" in order to forward it.

Name returned for lack of documentation.