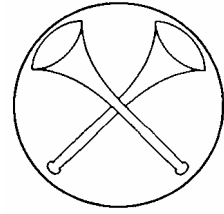


Caidan College of Heraldry

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Minutes of the January 19, 2014 Meeting

Meeting commenced at 11:00 AM.

In attendance were: Cormac *Crescent*, Paul *Dolphin*, Eridana *Ambre*, Ariana *Trident*, Manus *Wintermist*, Jeanne Marie *Noir Licorne*, Angharat *Garb*, Ardgal Mac Domnaill, and Damian *Sable Fret*.

Meeting schedule for 2014: February 2, March 23 (Collegium), April 13, May 11, June 22, July 20, August 10, September 14, October 19, November 16, and December 7 (Holiday Party)

Approved submissions were forwarded to Laurel on the January 19th, 2013 Letter of Intent.

From Crescent:

- We have a new Bellows! The Honorable Lady Emmeline Dernelove stepped up as Bellows Pursuivant at 12th Night, replacing Mistress Mary Dedwydd verch Gwallter. Emmeline was made a pursuivant during her installation.
- We have a new Silver Trumpet! Baroness Brianna Je Nell Aislynn of Blue Shadows stepped up as Silver Trumpet Pursuivant at 12th Night, replacing Baron Giles Hill. Brianna was made a pursuivant during her installation.
- We have a new Coral! Lady Angharat Goch verch Gwenhover stepped up as Coral Pursuivant of Lyondemere at Gyldenholt/Lyondemere Yule, replacing Lady Avicia de na Baiona. Angharat was made a pursuivant during her installation.
- The Known World Heraldic and Scribal Symposium website is now up and running! <http://heralds.sca-caid.org/kwhss> The registration and class proposal forms will be up very soon; in the meantime, you can contact the hotel to reserve your room.
- We need volunteers for KWHSS! Please contact Crescent if you are interested in assisting in any capacity.
- The Order of Precedence is in the process of being cleaned in its new format. We hope to have it live by the end of the first quarter.
- 2013 saw a massive uptick in the number of submissions Caid processed. According to OSCAR records, Caid processed 419 submissions in 2013, the first time we'd broken 400 since OSCAR was implemented (exceeding our previous record, 317, set in 2011, by 102 submissions). We were second only to East Kingdom, which has three times our populace numbers. Congratulations, Caid College of Heraldry!

From Dolphin:

- Selene *Aurum* will be coordinating the heraldic consultation table at Collegium Caidis. If you can, please volunteer to work a shift.
- From the November LoAR Cover Letter:

- Pelican points out that, in period, High and Low German were different languages with naming pools. Because of the complexity of identifying which pool a period name comes from, we will continue to treat them as a single language pool under SENA, but we will continue to distinguish between the two for purposes of authenticity requests.
- Wreath addresses the motif of *an X within a laurel wreath*, which ordinarily we regard as being two separate charge groups. "By long-standing precedent, two separate charge groups may not be placed as tertiary charges on the same underlying charge. [...] We do, however, recognize the inherent difficulty in design as a laurel wreath is required in all branch arms. [...] Because required elements add complexity to an armorial design, we are similarly willing on a case by case basis to allow branch armory with required elements to violate certain style rules, as long as identifiability of the design is maintained."
- From Wreath again: We had several submissions this month featuring a frauenadler. A frauenadler, a typically German charge, is displayed by default and consists of the head and torso of a beautiful woman with an eagle's body and wings. Frauenadler is both a singular and plural word. A similar period charge, the harpy in English armory, faces dexter by default, and consists of only a woman's head, frequently with frightful hair, with a bird's body. While we grant no difference between the two for type, we do grant difference for posture. For better reproducibility, we have reblazoned some older submissions in which frauenadler were blazoned as harpies."
- And finally from Palimpsest, the five proposed changes to SENA from the August 2013 Cover Letter have been implemented, with some edits for clarity. One brings the rules in alignment with prior precedent regarding charges whose voiding is considered part of their type; three bring the rules in alignment with newer precedent regarding "Company" as a designator; and one clarifies temporal compatibility requirements for languages/cultures not listed in Appendix C.

January Submissions

Aziza al-Zakiyya - New Name & New Device. *Per pale argent and purpure, three butterflies counterchanged.*

Submitter desires a feminine name and allows minor but not major changes. Sound (Aziza) most important.

Aziza is found as a feminine given name (*ism*) in "Arabic Women's Names from al-Andalus" by Juliana de Luna (<http://www.s-gabriel.org/names/juliana/alandalus/femism.html>). The article gives the name as *`Aziza*; however SENA Appendix D allows diacritics to be omitted from Arabic names so long as it is done throughout.

al-Zakiyya is found as a feminine nickname (*laqab*) meaning "intelligent" in "Arabic Names from al-Andalus: Nicknames by type" by Juliana de Luna (<http://www.s-gabriel.org/names/juliana/alandalus/nicktype.html>)

The pattern of "<given name> <descriptive byname>" in Arabic is listed in SENA Appendix A, as requiring no further documentation.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Bernice da Venetia - New Badge. *(Fieldless) On a frog rampant vert an ermine spot Or.*

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

David Straker Whittaker - Kingdom Resub Name & Device. *Sable, a heart gules fimbriated and in base two mice sejant erect respectant argent.*

No preferences indicated.

Submitter's previous submission of *David Whittaker* was returned by the Caidan College of Heraldry in December 2013 for conflict with *Dafydd Whitacre* (Ansteorra, October 2001).

David is found in "Faire Names for English Folk: Late Sixteenth Century English Names" (<http://www.s-gabriel.org/names/christian/fairnames>)

Straker is found as late period English surname in Family Search Historical Records, including:

- Michael Straker 03 Nov 1588 Saint Giles Cripplegate, London, England M02243-1
- Margaret Straker 01 Aug 1568 Twyford, Buckingham, England M14860-1
- Thomas Straker 23 Jul 1592 Osbaldwick, York, England M10901-3

Whittaker is found as late period English surname in Family Search Historical Records, including:

- William Whittaker, chr. 1594, Cambridge, batch C13559-9
- Johanna Whittaker, chr. 1562, Wiltshire, batch C15320-1
- Alice Whittaker, chr. 1521, Lancashire, batch C01937-0
- Nicholas Whittaker, chr. 1585, York, batch P00962-1

The pattern of "<given name> <byname> <byname>" for late period English is listed in SENA, Appendix A, as requiring no further documentation.

Consider the badge of Zoren uff Eiren (Ansteorra, Jan 1993): *Sable, a heart gules voided Or and fimbriated argent.* We believe this to be clear, with one DC for addition of secondary charges, and another for removal of the tertiary charge (gold heart). We recognize that there might be dispute among the College of Arms, and are sending it up for commentary.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel. Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Derdriu inghean ui Mhathghamhna - New Name

Submitter desires a feminine name and allows all changes. Language (Irish) and Meaning (bear) are most important.

Submitted as *Deirdre Mathghamhain* on the form; after doing consulting by email the submitter has accepted *Derdriu inghean ui Mhathghamhna* would be ok with that.

Derdriu is found as an Early Gaelic feminine given name in Arval Benicoeur's "Concerning the Name Deirdre" (<http://medievalscotland.org/problem/names/deirdre.shtml>).

Mhathghamhna is the genitive and lenited form of the Early Modern Gaelic masculine name *Mathghamhain*, found in Mari Elspeth nic Bryan's "Index of Names in the Irish Annals" (<http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Mathgamain.shtml>) with examples dated to 1472, 1489, and 1588.

The pattern of "<feminine given name> inghean ui <clan ancestor's name, in the genitive form and lenited>" is given in Sharon L. Krossa's "Quick and Easy Gaelic Names" (<http://medievalscotland.org/scotnames/quickgaelicbyname>) for pre-1600 Irish and Scottish Gaelic names.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Hakim ibn Suleiman - New Name

Submitter desires a masculine name and allows minor but not major changes. Sound (Sounds like "Mika" backwards) most important. Submitter has not checked the "Desires Language/Culture" box but indicates a desire for an Arabic name in any time period.

The submitter's previous submission of the same name was returned by the Caid College of Heraldry at their June 2013 meeting for lack of forms.

Hakim is a masculine Arabic ism appearing in Daud ibn A'uda's "Period Arabic Names and Naming Practices" (<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/arabic-naming2.htm>)

Suleiman is a masculine Arabic ism appearing in the same source.

The pattern of "<ism> ibn <ism>" is attested to in the same source as a period pattern for Arabic names.

This name does not conflict with Hakim Solomon (12/92, Caid), because there is a substantial change to the spelling and pronunciation of the surname, and the addition of "ibn."

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Ketill Olafsson - New Device Change. *Argent, a cross formy throughout vert, overall two hounds combattant sable.*

Submitter's device should be retained as a badge.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Klaus Mühlhauser von Unterwössen - Kingdom Resub Device. *Quarterly gules and ermine, a moose passant contourny azure attired gules.*

The submitter's previous device of *Quarterly sable and azure, a moose statant to sinister argent* was returned by the Caid College of Heraldry at their December 2013 meeting for conflict with *Per saltire sable and gules, a stag at gaze contourny argent* (Scannal Alpin, Dec. 1992, Caid) with a single DC for changes to the field. "At gaze" is a term used for deer, it is equivalent to "statant gardant". There is no difference between a moose or elk and a stag or doe (v. Thormot Quilliam, 09/2011). This resubmission clears that conflict by change of tincture of the primary charge.

We encourage the submitter to draw fewer, larger ermine spots, and to draw the moose larger.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Michael of Boulton - New Name.

Michael is found s.n. Michael on p. 3 of "Index of Names in the 1381 Suffolk Poll Tax," by Aryanhwyl merch Catmael (<http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/english/suffolk1381.pdf>)

Boulton is an English placename found in R&W s.n. Bolton in *Robert de Boulton* dated 1191. By SENA Appendix A, English locative bynames may use *de* or *of*.

This name presumes against Michael Bolton, the Grammy award winning American musician. The addition of the single-syllable preposition "of" is not sufficient to clear the conflict.

Name returned for presumption.

Morgana Ferrari di Velletri - New Name Change.

Submitter does not mark any preferences. The submitters previous name *Morgana Ferrari* is to be retained as an alternate name.

Morgana is found as an Italian feminine given name in "Names from Early 16th C Census of Rome" by Sara L Uckelman (<http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/italian/leofemfreq.html>) during the pontificate of Leo X (1513-1521).

Ferrari is found as a header in De Felice's *Cognomi*, p. 124. It is also found in "Names from Dutch Records Between 1584-1585", by Sarah L Uckelman, <http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/dutch/vandermeulen.html> as "Lucretia Ferrari" which is listed as an Italian surname name.

Ferrari is also found as a hereditary surname in Spain in FamilySearch Historical Records.

Antonio Ferrari Spouse Maria De Llano 28 Jun 1649 San Miguel,Trigueros Del Valle,Valladolid,Spain Father Joseph Ferrari M87383-4

By SENA Appendix C, names may mix Italian and Spanish elements dated to within 300 years of each other.

Velletri is a small town in the province of Rome. The book *Teatro Historico di Velletri* was written in 1644.

The pattern of "<given name> <family name> di <location>" in Italian is listed in SENA Appendix as not requiring any further documentation.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Roderick Usher - Kingdom Resub Household Name. *House of Usher*.

Submitter allows all changes. He prefers *House of Usher*, but would accept *Usher House* if required to register.

Usher is a English surname found in FamilySearch Historical Records, including:

- AGNES USHER Female Christening 12 December 1543 Atwick, Yorkshire, England Batch: P010781
- AGNES USHER Female Marriage 29 June 1589 Hexham, Northumberland, England JOHN JENYNGE Batch: M000641
- ALES USHER Female Marriage 6 June 1591 Eynsford, Kent, England WILLIAM LONE Batch: M131381
- ALICE USHER Female Marriage 1 March 1589 Hexham, Northumberland, England HENRY HOURDE Batch: M000641
- ALIS USHER Female Marriage 27 November 1565 Saint Denys, Warminster, Wiltshire, England THOMAS THACKMAN Batch: M153342

The submitter's previous household name of *House Usher* was returned by the Caid College of Heralds at their December 2013 meeting, noting:

By precedent, the pattern of "House + <inherited surname>" is not a registrable pattern for household names in English. "We hereby overturn the December 2002 precedent, and rule that, lacking examples of the pattern House + <inherited surname>, household names following this pattern are not registerable." (Quintin Joshua Gawain, R-Middle, May 2013)

"House of Usher" or "Usher House" would fit the documented pattern. We will not address at this time whether "House of Usher" will conflict with the eponymous house in Edgar Allen Poe's "Fall of the House of Usher." We will note the August precedent in registering the submitter's own name: "Roderick Usher is an important character in the Poe short story, "Fall of the House of Usher." However, short stories rarely rise to the level of importance that would require the protection of the names of characters in them. Therefore, this name is not important enough to protect." (v. Roderick Usher, 08/2011)

It was the feeling of the College that *House of Usher* is inherently recognizable through the eponymous name cited in the precedent, and is important enough to protect. Therefore, we must consider this submission as though *House of Usher* was registered (presumably to a Lord Poe). According to SENA NPN.3.C: "Designators and the prepositions or articles which link them to the substantive elements do not count for difference. [...] Only sound and appearance of the substantive elements are considered for difference." Because of this, changing the order of the words to *Usher House* does nothing to clear the conflict with *House of Usher*.

Name returned for presumption.

Starkhafn, Barony of - New Order Name & New Badge. *The Order of the Perpetual Flame. Per chevron azure and sable, two chevrons braced argent and in base a flame proper.*

Juliana de Luna's "Medieval Secular Order Names" (<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/order/new/>) gives "objects of veneration" as a possible basis for the names of medieval orders of knighthood, with examples including the Annunciation and the True Cross.

A perpetual flame was kept and venerated at Kildare in Ireland. <http://kildare.ie/community/notices/perpetual-flame.asp>. The same citation of the flame kept in Kildare was used in documenting the Order of Brigits Flame by the Kingdom of Northshield, registered in November 2006.

"Perpetual" meaning "lasting or destined to last forever; eternal, unceasing; permanent (during life)" is dated in English that spelling to 1533 by the OED, p716.

We believe, therefore, that this is a plausibly constructed order name based on period words and concepts for an object of veneration.

Order name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

This form of a flame proper is grandfathered to the submitter. (Starkhafn, Barony of, June 2012, Caid-A)

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.