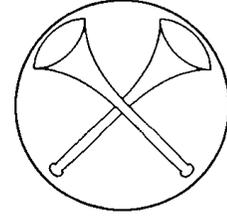


Caidan College of Heraldry



c/o Martha Ranc
(909) 899-5663

dolphin@sca-caid.org

Minutes of the August 28, 2011 meeting

Meeting commenced at 11:00 AM

In attendance were: Cormac *Crescent*, Jeanne Marie *Dolphin*, Stephania (College Exchequer), Mary *Bellows*, Damien of Baden, Molly *Seraph*, Eirikr Gold Phoenix, Magde *Al-Sahid*, Catherine de Winter, Avicia *Coral*, Angharad

Tentative schedule for the rest of the year: Sept 18th, Oct 16th, Nov 13th, Dec 11th (party)

I would like to thank everyone who made it possible to get an LoI out 90 minutes after our decision meeting ended, especially Cormac *Crescent* who helped enter the LoI, Mary *Bellows* who did the proof-reading, and Catherine Aimeri de Winter who scanned all of the forms

Approved submissions were forwarded to Laurel on the August 28, 2011 Letter of Intent.

From the LoARs: The June LoAR has not yet been published.

From Crescent:

- Crescent challenged everyone in the most recent CP article as follows: make 5 heraldic display items by 12th Night. He encourages everyone to participate in the challenge. He's also looking for how-to articles on various types of heraldic display as he intends to flood the CP with information on heraldry & display. Local heralds, please encourage your populace to increase/improve their heraldic display.

From Dolphin:

- Please provide all of the information requested for the summaries including legal name, e-mail address, territory, and how the submission is being paid for (if payment is required). This information is used in preparing for the meeting and will save much time and trouble the day of the meeting.
- Please remind your groups: if they receive an email from Lachlan regarding submission results, please respond, otherwise he has to send out a paper copy, contact the baron & baroness & otherwise go to a great deal of unnecessary effort that would be saved by a simple email response.
- Standard meeting information: The house will open at 9AM. There will be a class from 9:30 to 10:30 (ish). The meeting will start at 11AM with lunch at 12:15 (give or take 15 minutes). The house will close at 6PM. If the meeting finishes before that, and it should, there are three options: head home, use the pool and/or spa (swim at your own risk), or join a commenting group. We will be commenting on submissions at the kingdom level (in other kingdoms) or at the Society level (in OSCAR).
- Will post the search app for familysearch.org
- Will post a list of suitable heraldry books available at books.google.org
- Eirikr has a wiki with a list of heraldry links as well www.goldphoenix.net/wiki
- The class next month will be How to Comment on OSCAR (Cormac Mor).

August Submissions

Annabelle di Amalfi. New Name.

The submitter desires a feminine name and will accept minor but not major changes. If the name must be changed she cares most about the spelling.

Annabelle is either an English or Scots feminine given name. DOST includes one citation (s.v. Cottary), "Concessit dicte Annabelle ... terras de Insche (exceptis cottagiis lie cottaries earundem); 1623 Reg. Great S. 157/2." The IGI extracted records include two matches, one from Scotland (1589) and one from England (1642).

	Name	Gender	Event	Date	Location	Spouse	Father	Mother	Batch/Film No.	Message
▶	ANNABELLE BUNTEIN	Female	Christening	20 July 1589	Stirling, Stirling, Scotland		NICOLL BUNTEIN	JONET ALLANE	Batch: C114902	Extracted birth or ...
	ANNABELLE PRATT	Female	Marriage	28 November 1642	Saint Edward, Cambridge, Cambridge, England	JOHN ROBINSON			Batch: M130341	Extracted marriag...

di is an Italian locative mark ("of").

Amalfi is an Italian city; the name is found in this spelling in period books. Examples include:

- *Cronologia del mondo* by Francesco Sansovino published 1580: "Vincilao creato Duca d'Amalfi dal Re Luigi" (<http://books.google.com/books?id=NYc8AAAACAAJ&pg=RA5-PA242-IA2>)
- *Descrittione di tutta Italia* by Leandro Alberti published 1551: "... chiamato Costa d'Amalfi dalla Città di Amalfi..." (<http://books.google.com/books?id=qXP6adW8RYkC&pg=RA4-PA97>)

The combination of an English given name and an Italian byname is a step from period practice (v. Veronica de Holloway, 09/1999) as is a combination of a Scots and Italian name (v. Laertes McBride, 08/1999). Whether Annabelle is considered a Scots name or an English name there is but a single step from period practice so the name should be registerable.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Avid Zvonikha. New Name and New Device. *Purpure, an anille argent*

If the name must be changed the submitter cares most about the (unspecified) sound. No other preferences are marked.

Avid is a masculine given name found in Wickenden (p. 14) meaning "worker", he was a martyr in the 5th C. As Wickenden only cites the earliest example he found of this name, we believe that this is still compatible with a much later byname.

Zvonikha is found as a byname in Wickenden (p. 426) with Mitiul Zvonikha dated to 1473.

The charge is another one from Bruce Draconarius's wonderful "Treasury of Obscure Charges"; it is the defining instance of an anille. He provides the documentation:

The anille is a charge found in Northern Europe, dating from the mid-14th Century: an early example would be the Hessian arms of van Oestvelt or Oostvelt, c.1370 (Armorial de Gelre, f.96v; first image). Many recent texts state that "anille" is the French term for the millrind: cf. Parker 250, Franklyn & Tanner 11, or Woodward 713. However, these same texts tell us just as confidently that "zule" is an alternate term for a chess rook, and not the Dutch charge ("zuil") we now know it to be.

We might note that the French already have a term for the millrind, "fer de moline". More persuasive is the fact that, in the rolls which display arms with anilles and arms with millrinds, the two are not drawn the same. Thus, the Armorial de Gelre, c.1370, shows us the arms of Breidenbach (f.96v) with an anille, but the arms of Rover, Burgrave van Montfoort (f.107v) with three millrinds, as blazoned in Rietstap. (Second, third images)

That these are not mere artistic whimsy on the part of the artist may be seen in the unchanging nature of these charges over time. The arms of Breidenbach, for instance, can be seen in the Codex Ingeram, c.1450 (4th image); Konrad Grunenberg's Roll, c.1480 (5th image); a collection of German rolls from Augsburg, c.1530 (6th image); and Siebmacher's Wappenbuch, c.1610, pl.134 (7th image). The stylization tends to simplify over time, but the charge remains the same from first to last.

Likewise, the fers-de-moline in the arms of Montfoort can be seen in the Wappenbuch Bayern, c.1400 (8th image), where they match the form in Gelre; and again in the Konrad Grunenberg Roll, c.1480 (9th image), where the form has evolved somewhat. We still see, however, that in any roll in which both appear, the artist is at pains to draw the two charges differently.

The fer-de-moline, or millrind, eventually became into the standard English/French form, as seen in rolls c.1550 (10th image) and from de Bara, c.1580 (11th image). The distinction from anilles is maintained at this point, though the anille is not found in English armory.

Further distinction may be seen in the German names for both charges. According to *Das Grosse Buch der Wappenkunst* by Walter Leonhard, p.276 fig.18, the "Muhleisen" or "mill iron" is the charge we know as the millrind, and is drawn as the English millrind of 1550. But the anille is drawn (p.275 fig.22) as in the arms of Breidenbach -- and in German is blazoned as the "Maueranker", literally "wall-anchor". This tells us the nature of the charge: the anille or Maueranker is an architectural feature called in English an "anchor plate", which is used with tie-rods to keep masonry walls from crumbling and collapsing. Being on the outside of the building, they were frequently made ornate, and split to cover a wide area (see some modern examples at <http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Maueranker#Maueranker>). They thus don't serve the same purpose as millrinds, and could be made -- and therefore emblazoned -- more extravagant in form.

Therefore, the anille or Maueranker should be considered, not a variant of the millrind, but a separate charge in its own right, as it was in period.

The images provided will be included in the LoI.

If there is no difference between a millrind and an anille, then there are multiple conflicts, most especially *(Fieldless) A millrind argent* ({AE}thelmeare) and *Purple, a millrind Or* (Arn Hold). Likewise, if there is no difference between a zule and an anille, then there is a potential conflict: *(Fieldless) A zule argent* (Carlos Juan Ramiro). We believe that each of these are separate and distinct charges in period, and thus should be granted at least a CD.

Name approved and forward to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Flavia Beatrice Carmigniani. New Badge. *(Fieldless) A unicornate horse couchant regardant vert*

The submitter's name was registered in April 1983. This depiction matches the depiction of her augmented arms, *Or semy of strawberry plants, slipped, leaved, and fructed proper, a unicornate horse couchant regardant vert and for augmentation, on a sinister canton azure four crescents conjoined in saltire horns outward argent*, which were registered in May 2007.

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel

Gabrielle nicChlurain. New Device Change. *Or, in saltire two pussywillow branches proper within a bordure sable.*

The submitter's name was registered June 1976. If this is registered, she wishes to retain her current device, *Argent, in saltire two pussywillow branches proper within a bordure counter-ermine.*

The charges are grandfathered to the submitter. She is changing the tinctures of the bordure and the field.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Giles Hill. Laurel Resubmission Heraldic Title. Saint John Chrysostom Herald.

Submitter allows all changes.

Submitter's previous heraldic title, Chrysostom Pursuivant, was returned by Laurel with the following note:

The LoI documented this heraldic title as following the pattern <Surname> + *Herald*, noting that *Chrysostom* was the byname of a saint who died in 407 and a sophist and rhetorician who died in 115. However, as with household name patterns, the patterns for heraldic titles that are discussed in Juliana de Luna's article cited on the LoI, "Heraldic Titles from the Middle Ages and Renaissance: Overview", are patterns that are used in specific places and specific times, and one needs to demonstrate that both the elements and the pattern can be found in the same culture. Siren explains the problems with the current submission:

The name <Chrysostomos> (the Greek form) is not unique; it was used for other orators. However, no evidence has been presented, and I haven't found any, that this element would have been used in a culture that created heraldic titles, let alone in one that created them from family names (that's England and France).

We would need evidence for *Chrysostom* being used as a family name in England or France before this heraldic title could be registered on the basis of the pattern <Surname> + *Herald*.

Changing tactics, the submitter is resubmitting based on the pattern <Order Name> + *Herald*. The January 2005 LOAR notes that one type of Order name comes from the names of Saints:

Orders named for Christian Saints. These includes saints who are know[sic] by a single name, such as Saint George or Saint Anne, as well as saints known by complex names such as Saint John Laternan or Saint Thomas Becket. These types of order names may include placenames where the Saint for whom the order is named had a major shrine.

St. John Chrysostom, born 347, died 407, John -- whose byname "Chrysostom" occurs for the first time in the "Constitution" of Pope Vigilius (cf. P.L., LX, 217) in the year 553 -- is generally considered the most prominent doctor of the Greek Church and the greatest preacher ever heard in a Christian pulpit. His natural gifts, as well as exterior circumstances, helped him to become what he was. <http://www.newadvent.org/cathen/08452b.htm>

John Chrysostom has his own entry in Encyclopedia Britannica.

Thus, the Order of Saint John Chrysostom is a reasonable period construction.

According to Juliana de Luna's "Heraldic Titles from the Middle Ages and the Renaissance," <http://medievalscotland.org/jes/HeraldicTitlesSCA/> heraldic titles were sometimes created based on Order names. Thus, it is plausible that a heraldic title could be created from the theoretical Order of Saint John Chrysostom.

Please note that if at all possible, the submitter would still prefer "Chrysostom Herald."

Heraldic title is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Gilla Brigde of Dublin. New Name.

The submitter desires a feminine name and will not accept any changes. The forms were changed by the submitter from Mael Brigit of Dublin to Gilla Brigde of Dublin before they were sent to the Caidan CoH.

Gilla Brigde is found in OCM (s.n. Gilla Brigde, p. 111) where it is noted as meaning "servant of St. Brigid" and "a relatively common early name". This is the spelling before the colon.

of Dublin is a locative surname based on the city of Dublin. The city existed as early as 291 (http://www.1911encyclopedia.org/Dublin,_Ireland#History). The submitter claims the lingua Anglica allowance to register the byname in the modern English form.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Guy the Good. New Name.

The submitter is desires a masculine name and will allow minor but not major changes. If the name must be changed he cares most about the (unspecified) sound.

Guy is a masculine given name found in Withycome (s.n. Guy, p. 143), which states "It was introduced into England by the Normans and appears in Latin records sometimes as *Wido*, sometimes as *Guido*... It was in common use from the Norman Conquest until the 17th C." Extracted IGI records support the spelling Guy.

97 records selected from 711 downloaded.

Name	Gender	Event	Date	Location	Spouse	Father	Mother	Batch/Film No.	Message
GUY ADYS	Male	Christening	2 November 1546	Dymock, Gloucester, England		JOHN ADYS	JONE	Batch: P016631	Extracted birth or ...
GUY ALLANSON	Male	Christening	16 September 1582	Middleton-in-Teesdale, Durham, England		JOHN ALLANSON		Batch: P000711	Extracted birth or ...
GUY ALLANSON	Male	Christening	27 November 1586	Middleton-in-Teesdale, Durham, England		CUTHBERT ALLANSON		Batch: P000711	Extracted birth or ...
GUY ALLYS	Male	Marriage	8 October 1580	Idlicote, Warwick, England	ANNE STROWD			Batch: M035412	Extracted maritag...
GUY ARRAY	Male	Marriage	5 December 1586	Saint Dunstan, Stepney, London, England	JONE GREENE			Batch: M055761	Extracted maritag...
GUY ATKINSON	Male	Christening	10 April 1595	Kendal, Westmorland, England		HENRY ATKINSON		Batch: P003111	Extracted birth or ...
GUY BAMBRIG	Male	Marriage	2 September 1599	Whickham, Durham, England	MARGRET STOUTE			Batch: M002081	Extracted maritag...
GUY BAYLEY	Male	Christening	16 June 1563	Halford, Warwick, England		JOHN BAYLEY		Batch: C021232	Extracted birth or ...
GUY BAYWORTHE	Female	Marriage	27 November 1550	Wantage, Berkshire, England	CHARLES TRYME			Batch: M021981	Extracted maritag...
GUY BENCE	Male	Christening	30 November 1598	Stone, Gloucester, England		ROBERT BENCE		Batch: C031822	Extracted birth or ...
GUY BIGGS	Male	Marriage	3 June 1599	Medstead, Hampshire, England	WINNIFRID BUDD			Batch: M196661	Extracted maritag...
GUY BOOLE	Male	Marriage	17 July 1599	Aslackby, Lincoln, England	ROSE GREENE			Batch: M026763	Extracted maritag...
GUY BOOLE	Male	Marriage	17 July 1599	Aslackby, Lincoln, England	ROSE GREENE			Batch: M026763	Extracted maritag...

the Good is a nickname based on information found in Bardsley (s.n. Good, Goode, p. 326).which states "Nick. 'the good' corresponding to French *le bon*." The example provided is "Richard le Gode, co Soms., 1 Edw. III: Kirby's Quest, p. 195." The first year of Edward III's reign was 1312/1313.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Ingvarr {o,}lfúss. New Name and New Device. *Gules, three barrels Or*

The submitter allows no changes; no other preferences have been indicated. Submitted as Ingvarr {O,}lfúss we have changed the byname to lowercase as required by precedent. The submitter authorized this change via e-mail.

Ingvarr is found as a masculine given name in Geirr Bassi. (p 12)

{o,}lfúss is found as a nickname meaning "desirous of beer" in Geirr Bassi.(p 30)

The Glossary of Terms indicates that barrels are fesswise by default. We are uncertain if the original of the emblazon was colored with crayons or colored pencil; however, color copies were sent to the CoH. As the emblazons received are not in crayon they do not run afoul of the ban on wax-based media on forms sent to Laurel.

This is clear of Sion Becote (device, Dec. 2001, Meridies), *Gules, two beavers statant and a barrel palewise Or*. There is a CD for changing the type of half the charges (beavers to barrels) and a CD for changing the orientation of the bottommost charge, which is considered half the charge group.

Name approved as changed and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

John ap Griffin and Lorissa du Griffin. New Joint Badge for *Griffin Freehold. (Fieldless) A griffin segreant contourny atop a twin-towered castle Or*

The submitters' names were registered in May 1970 and April 1976 respectively. The household name Griffin Freehold was registered to John ap Griffin in March 1978. If this is registered the badge registered to John ap Griffin for the Griffin Freehold, *Sable, a griffin segreant contourny atop a twin-towered castle issuant from base Or*, is to be released. Based on discussions with Wreath, the release is listed as a separate action below. Artwork is duplicated from the 1978 badge registration.

This is not a conflict with Eliahu ben Itzhak: *(Fieldless) A griffin segreant contourny Or atop a billet fesswise purpure charged with three bezants*. The billet is a co-primary charge, and thus these are clear with CDs for fieldlessness, type of half the primary charges, and removal of the tertiary charges.

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.

John ap Griffin. New Release of Badge for *Griffin Freehold*. *Sable, a griffin segreant contourny atop a twin-towered castle issuant from base Or*

The submitter's name was registered in May 1970. The badge was registered in March 1978 and reblazoned in May 2007. This badge is to be released **ONLY** if the joint badge above is registered.

Approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Malie Arbuthnott. New Device. *Per bend azure and vert, a demi-bear contourny maintaining a mullet of six points argent*

The submitter's name was registered January 2011.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Rand Reynald. Resub Kingdom Device. *Per pale gules and vert, a lion rampant within a bordure Or*

The submitter's name appears on Caid's July 2011 LoI. His previous device submission, *Per pale gules and vert, a lion rampant Or within a bordure counterchanged* was returned at the July 2011 CoH meeting for violating the rule of tincture (color-on-color). This submission corrects that problem by making the bordure a metal.

Unfortunately, this conflicts with Peter Larcombe the Merchant (registered December 2002 via Meridies), *Quarterly azure and gules, a lion rampant guardant and a bordure Or*, with a single CD for changes to the field. The submitter is already aware of the conflict and is working on a new design.

Device returned for conflict.

Rand Reynald. Resub Kingdom Badge. *Quarterly vert and gules, a lion's head erased Or*

The submitter's name appears on Caid's July 2011 LoI. His previous device submission, *Quarterly vert and gules, on a roundel counterchanged a lion's head erased Or* was returned at the July 2011 CoH meeting for violating the rule of tincture (color-on-color). This submission corrects that problem by removing the roundel.

Unfortunately, Alpha Biraz-pars (registered May 1986 via the Middle), *Sable, a natural leopard's head couped Or marked sable*. The markings count for naught, leaving only the CD for the changes to the field. The submitter is already aware of the conflict and is working on a new design.

Badge returned for conflict.

Sakan Alchemizadi. New Name and New Device. *Gules, a panther rampant guardant argent pelletty, maintaining in his dexter forepaw an astrolabe Or, on a chief indented argent a scimitar sable*

The submitter will accept minor but not major changes. She will also allow "intermediate" changes such as add/deleting a word like "de" or "the" or changing the language when the change is small. The submitter notes "Please correct for language, grammar, and ending." If the name must be changed she cares most about the meaning ("the alchemist's daughter (Persian influence)").

Sakan is found ca. 800 in Dodge, *The Firhris of al-Nad[i-]m* (p. 1090). Dodge is not an Appendix H source; however, this is a Pennsic submission and therefore is nonetheless acceptable without a photocopy. Sakan is also found as a feminine *ism*

(given name) in "Period Arabic Names and Naming Practices" by Da'ud ibn Auda (<http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/arabic-naming2.htm?iframe=true&width=100%&height=100%>)

Alchemi means chemist/chemistry (source not clear, it may be Schimmel, *Islamic Names*).

-z{a-}d{i-} means "daughter of" based on Schimmel, *Islamic Names*. Schimmel is not an Appendix H source; however, this is a Pennsic submission and therefore is nonetheless acceptable without a photocopy. The Caidan College of Heraldry lacks the knowledge and resources to appropriately evaluate this name. We believe this naming pattern <name><daughter of father's occupation> is a valid pattern, and request the College's help in determining if this is a registerable name.

The device does not conflict with *Vert, a panther rampant ermine incensed proper and on a chief argent a scimitar sable* (Faellan Mer, 2009/01, East)

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Secca of Kent. New Device Change. *Per bend azure and vert, a bordure Or.*

The submitter's name was registered November 2009. If this is registered, he wishes to retain his current device, *Per bend azure and vert, a bat-winged dragon-tailed griffin segreant between three roundels Or.*

As field primary armory, this is clear of Helena de Argentoune (12/2006, Atenveldt), *Per bend sable and gules, a bordure Or*, under section X.4.a.ii of the Rules for Submission as the fields share no tincture.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Uilliam Mór MacGregor. Resub Kingdom Name and Resub Kingdom Device. *Per pale sable and vert, a triquetra and in chief a pair of eagle's jambs argent*

The submitter desires a masculine name. No other preferences have been indicated.

His previous name submission, Uilliam MacGregor, was returned at the July 2011 CoH meeting for conflict with William MacGregor. Adding the descriptive byname clears that conflict.

Uilliam - St. Gabriel Report 2941 (<http://www.panix.com/~gabriel/public-bin/showfinal.cgi/2941.txt>) lists Uilliam as a Scottish Gaelic name common in the 15th and 16th centuries. The references are:

[1] Krossa, Sharon L., "Scottish Gaelic Given Names" (WWW: privately published, 2000-2002).
<http://www.MedievalScotland.org/scotnames/gaelicgiven/>

[2] Black, George F., *The Surnames of Scotland: Their Origin, Meaning and History*, (New York: The New York Public Library, 1986), s.n. MacWilliam.

Mór is found in as a descriptive byname meaning big/great in "Index of Names in Irish Annals" by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan (<http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/DescriptiveBynames/Mor.shtml>). This is the Early Modern Irish Gaelic (c1200-c1700) nominative form. "Quick and Easy Gaelic Names" by Sharon Krossa (<http://medievalscotland.org/scotnames/quickgaelicbyname/#sources>) in discussing sources for Gaelic names notes that many Irish Gaelic names are also appropriate Scottish Gaels. A simple descriptive seems likely to fall in that category.

MacGregor is a header in Black, p. 505. Dated spellings include mc gregoure 1617, M'Gregare 1500, M'Gregur 1600, and McGrigour 1586.

His previous device submission, identical to this, was returned at the July 2011 CoH meeting for lack of a name.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Ysabelle Reynald. New Name and New Device. *Per pale gules and argent, a tree eradicated proper and on a chief vert three hedgehogs Or*

The submitter desires a feminine name; no other preferences have been indicated.

Ysabelle is a feminine given name found in R&W (s.n. Lavender, p. 273) where Ysabelle la Lauendere is dated to 1253.

Reynald is found in Eilert Ekwall. "Subsidy Roll 1319: Cheap ward." Two Early London Subsidy Rolls (1951): 288-302. British History Online. Web 10 April 2011, <http://www.british-history.ac.uk/report.aspx?compid=31946&strquery=reynald..> Line 55 is t De Johanne Reynald'; the associated footnote states:

John Renaud of Dynant, of London, merchant 1320 KFF (a claimant in Bexhill), J. Renaud 1336 LBE 302 (witness with nos. 19, 127), perhaps J. Renaud, devant (for denant[er]?) 1332 S [Vi, 6s. 8d.].

While this source indicates a scribal abbreviation, the footnote seems to support forms of the name without a terminal e. In addition, there are four examples of Reynald from 1600 and earlier (and another 20 in the grey period) in the IGI extracts.

Name	Gender	Event	Date	Location	Spouse	Father	Mother	Batch/Film No.	Message
AGNETEM REYNALD	Female	Christening	10 October 1561	Dunton Bassett, Leicester, England		ROBTI REYNALD		Batch: C036972	Extracted birth or ...
JOHES. REYNALD	Male	Marriage	20 October 1541	Saint Stephen, Norwich, Norfolk, England	ALICIA FELDE			Batch: M109751	Extracted mariag...
JOHN REYNALD	Male	Marriage	7 September 1559	Milton Keynes, Buckingham, England	ELENA PYE			Batch: M008441	Extracted mariag...
JOHN REYNALD	Male	Christening	6 October 1563	St Andrew By The Wardrobe, London, London, England				Batch: C022322	Extracted birth or ...
JOHN REYNALD	Male	Marriage	3 July 1600	Twyford, Leicester, England	AGNES WALKER			Batch: M061092	Extracted mariag...

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Ysabelle Reynald. New Badge. *Per pale gules and argent, a hedgehog Or within a bordure vert*

The submitter's name appears above.

We recommend that the border be drawn wider.

Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.