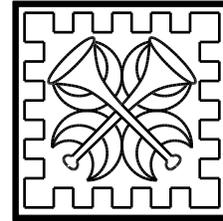




## Caid College of Heraldry

c/o Su Ralston

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### Minutes of the October 03, 2010 College of Heraldry Meeting

Meeting commenced at 11:00 AM.

In attendance were: Su *Crescent*, Illuminada *Dolphin*, Thomas *Quatrefoil*, Eridana *Trident*, Cormac *Battlement*, Moirin Chiardhubh ni Bhardain, Avice *Coral*, Eirikr *Gold Phoenix*, Dubhghall mac Aodha mhic Néill, Máirghréd inghean Dubhghaill mhic Aodha, Ursula *GreenStaff*.

Upcoming meetings are: November 21, December 19, January 30, February 27, and March 20.

There was a new LoAR. KWHSS will be held in Atlantia, in High Point, North Carolina on the weekend of June 24-26, 2011.

For Italian names *de* is a scribal abbreviation for *degli* or *dei* may be changed at Laurel on case by case.

Unless otherwise noted, all submitters will accept the creation of a holding name, if appropriate. Approved submissions were forwarded on the November 21, 2010 Letter of Intent.

#### **Aine Marshall.** New Name.

Submitter indicated no preferences.

**Aine** is found as a feminine given name in Index of Names in Irish Annals: **Aine** by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan (Kathleen M. O'Brien) <http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Feminine/Aine.shtml> Middle Irish Gaelic (c900-c1200) form: **Aine** Early Modern Irish Gaelic (c1200-c1700) form: **Aine** In this case <Aine> is attested for the years 1169, 1171, 1316, 1319, 1325, 1329, 1381, 1382, 1386, 1405, 1419, 1427, 1431, 1441, 1468. O Corrain & Maguire, p.19 sn. **Aine**, gives <Aine> as the sole form, and states that while it became obsolete as a male name early, "it retained its popularity as a female name."

**Marshall** is found in R&W p. 300 s.n. **Marshall**, not found in this spelling, **Marshall** is found in this spelling as a given name in Masculine Given Names Found in the 1523 Subsidy Roll for York and Ainsty, England by by Karen Larsdatter at <http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/york16/given-masc-alpha.htm>. **Marshall** is also found as a by name spelled **Marescall** and **Mareschall** in Bynames Found in the 1296 Lay Subsidy Rolls for Rutland, England (occupational names) by Karen Larsdatter at <http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/Rutland/occupations.htm>. The Caid College of Heraldry believes that it is reasonable to use the spelling **Marshall** for a byname.

This name includes a SFPP for combining Irish and English in the same name. Calafia

#### **Returned for lack of funds.**

#### **Al Arslan.** New Name

The submitter desires a masculine name, no other preferences are indicated.

**Al** is found in The Secret History of the Mongols by Paul Kahn, translated by Francis Woodman Cleaves from the original text dated to 1240AD. p. 135 shows **Al** being used as the first element of the name **Al Altan**.

In "Name Construction: On the Documentation and Construction of Period Mongolian Names" by Baras-aghur Naran. (<http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/mongol.html>) **Al** is listed as color used as a name element, glossed as crimson.

**Arslan** is found in The Secret History of the Mongols by Paul Kahn, translated by Francis Woodman Cleaves from the original text dated to 1240A.D. p. 134 shows the name **Arslan** citing Arslan Khan. In "Name Construction: On the Documentation and Construction of Period Mongolian Names" by Baras-aghur Naran.

(<http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/mongol.html>) **Arslan** is listed as Common name element from Primary Sources, glossed as lion.

This name follows the name+name pattern with both elements being able to stand alone described by Baras-aghur Naran.

The College of Caid requests the assistance of this assemblage here to inform us of any changes necessary for registration and on the appropriateness of this name.

A note to the College to assist with any changes necessary.

Wintermist

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Al Arslan.** New Device. *Argent, two lions combatant gules and a castle sable enflamed proper.*

Wintermist

**Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Al Arslan.** New Household Badge. (Fieldless) *A dexter gauntlet apaumy fesswise sable sustaining a sheaf of three swords inverted argent.*

To be jointly held with Kristofer Olafsson.

Wintermist

**Badge approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Al Arslan.** New Household Name. House of the Brave Companions.

Submitter would prefer the above name, but would settle for "Brave Company" if necessary.

Brave is found in C-OED as an adjective 1485 Caxton "it is very good to relate the brave deeds" and 1591

Shakespeare, Henry VI "A brauer Souldier neuer couched Launce."

Companions is found in C-OED, dated to 1606 as a verb, 1311 one companion of the company was a very false , 1535 More, (several citations)

Wintermist

**Name returned for lack of documentation of this pattern.** (Moirin will consult)

**Andrew de Nottingham** New Name

Submitter desires a masculine name, no other preferences are indicated.

**Andrew** is found as a male given names dated to 1535 in "English Names found in Brass Inscriptions" by Julian Goodwyn. <http://www.sca.org/heraldry/laurel/names/brasses/men.html>.

**de Nottingham** is found in R&W page 325 meaning from Nottingham. Dated spellings include Thomas de Notingeham 1169, William de Notingeham 1257-8 Hugh de Nottingham 1327 and Robert Notyngham 1427.

**Nottingham** is cited in The Origin of English Names, Reaney, p. 350, s.n. Nottinghamshire dated in this spelling to 13<sup>th</sup> century.

Calafia

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Andrew de Nottingham** New Device: *Argent, a saltire gules and in chief an annulet sable.*

Device conflicts with *Argent, a saltire gules.* (Fitzgerald, Important non-SCA arms, 12/94) and

*Argent, a saltire gules.* (Ireland, Ancient, Important non-SCA flag, 19/94.)

Calafia.

**Returned for conflict.**

**Conchobhar Mac Cionaoith.** Laurel Resub Device: *Per saltire sable and gules, a Thor's hammer between three triquetras argent.*

Name registered May 07. Device was moved from September minutes.

His previous device *Per pale sable and vert, a Celtic cross and on a chief argent a triquetra between two equal-armed Celtic crosses vert* was returned for violating the "sword-and-dagger" rule on the May 2007 LoAR.

This is a complete redesign.

**Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Jonathan Sawyer.** Resub Device. *Vert, a sun Or eclipsed vert and in base, two swords inverted crossed in saltire Or.*

Name was on Caid's June 2010 LoI.

Previous armory submission was returned in Kingdom 06/10 for non-heraldic style.

The submitter is advised that the disk of the sun should be drawn smaller, and there should be fewer rays on the sun.

Wintermist

**Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Juliana de la Delphe** Resub Kingdom Name

Previous submission: Juliana of Delphi. New name, was returned due to temporal disparity of the elements on the June 07 Caid Minutes

Juliana was cited from Withycombe (pg 184, heading), dated to 1196 from the Curia Rolls. The author states that the name reached England towards the end of the 12th century" and that it was one of the most common female names between the 12 and 15th centuries.

Delphi is the English form of an ancient Greek place, the location where the Oracle sat. Unfortunately, the College's sources suggest that the place was not continuously known by this name. Lemperiere's Classical Dictionary (p.198, s.n. Delphi) says of the place, "Delphi, now Castri, a town of Phocis ... It was famous for a temple of Apollo, and for an oracle.

**Juliana** is an English feminine given name dated to 1196-1220, 1273, in Withycombe, 3rd ed., p. 184, s.n. Julian(a). **de la Delphe** is found in R&W pg 130 dated to 1295 MELS (Sx): Mabel- Richard de la Delphe, meaning dweller by the excavation or quarry.

Calafia

**Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Juliana de la Delphe.** Resub New Device. Purpure, on a plate a cross of four lozenges quarterly purpure and gules. Previous submission: Gules, on a plate a golpe. Was returned for conflict on the June 2007 Caid minutes:

This conflicts with, Gules, a roundel so drawn as to represent a round shield battered in long and honourable service, argent (Edwin Bersark, 01/73?) There is only one clear difference for adding the tertiary charge. The rest of the details in Edwin's device are artistic detail, and their removal is not a CD. (RfS X)

This is a redesign. This submission conflicts with *Purple, on a plate five thistles slipped and leaved, conjoined in mullet proper*, (Gwendylon of the Thistle, device, 10/80)

Calafia

**Device is returned for conflict. (Eridana will consult)**

**Juliana de la Delphe.** New Badge. (Fieldless) Four lozenges conjoined in cross quarterly purpure and gules.

Calafia

**Badge is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Lothar von Schwartzschildt.** New Name.

The submitter desires masculine name, cares most about meaning and language/culture 1400's German. Submitter requests authenticity for 1400 Germany.

The college changed von to lower case.

Lothar is a masculine given name found in Bahlow, p.311. Also Lother. Germanic, meaning famed army. "Empire of Lothar II." (p.184). Online Encyclopaedia Britannica

(<http://www.britannica.com/EBchecked/topic/348497/Lothar-II>) cites: Lothar II (or III), also spelled Lothair (b. early June 1075—d. Dec. 3/4, 1137, Breitenwang, now in Austria), German king (1125–37) and Holy Roman emperor (1133–37).

von Schwartzschildt is a constructed byname. Schwarz is found in Bahlow p. 511 s.n. Schwar(d)t meaning black.

There are multiple examples of this used as a prototheme, e.g. Swartepape, Ro. 1288. Also Schwar(t)zkopf, Schwar(t)zhaupt, and Schwar(t)zbart.

Schildt is found in Bahlow p. 490 meaning shield. It is used as a deutertheme listed under Schildknect e.g.

Vateschild 1355, Glickenschild, Hauenschild and Cloppeschild.

We request the assistance of the college since we think von indicates a locative, and we do not believe this name is a location.

Wintermist

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Lothar von Schwartzschildt.** New Device. *Sable, a donkey passant bend sinisterwise within a bordure embattled argent charged with three mullets of four points gules.*

Wintermist

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Máirghr ad inghean Dubhghaill mhic Aodha.** Resub New Name.

Submitter desires a feminine name,

Previous submission Margret inghean Dubhghaill was returned at Kingdom, 9/12/10 for conflict with M airgret ingean Doughal.

**Máirghréd** is found in the Academy of St. Gabriel report #2092 (<http://www.panix.com/~gabriel/public-bin/showfinal.cgi/2092.txt>), and it is also found in "Index of Names in Irish Annals" (URL: <http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Feminine/Mairghread.shtml>) by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan (Kathleen M. O'Brien). O'Brien dates this name for a range of years from the mid-1300s to the mid-1600s, so it is well-documented within our period.

**inghean** is the later-period Gaelic patronymic for women, found in the Academy of St. Gabriel report #3344 (URL: <http://www.panix.com/~gabriel/public-bin/showfinal.cgi/3344.txt>) as well as in "Quick and Easy Gaelic Names," 3rd edition, by Sharon L. Krossa (URL:

<http://www.medievalscotland.org/scotnames/quickgaelicbyname/#simplepatronymicbyname>).

**Dubhghaill** is the genitive form\* (see below) of the standard Early Modern Gaelic spelling of a name recorded as dubghall (where the 'h' is an editorial expansion of a scribal abbreviation) in 1467. It is found in "Scottish Gaelic Given Names: For Men: Names of Scottish Gaels from Scottish Gaelic Sources" by Sharon L. Krossa as the name of a Scottish Gaelic scribe in Ireland (URL:

<http://www.medievalscotland.org/scotnames/gaelicgiven/men/dubhghall.shtml>), as well as the "Index of Names in Irish Annals" by Kathleen M. O'Brien (URL:

<http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Dubgall.shtml>). \*Dubhghaill is the genitive form of

**Dubhghall** (patronymic spelling), documented in the Academy of St. Gabriel report #3123 (URL:

<http://www.panix.com/~gabriel/public-bin/showfinal.cgi/3123.txt>).

(<http://www.medievalscotland.org/scotnames/quickgaelicbyname>).

**Dubhghall** is the standard Early Modern Gaelic spelling of a name recorded as Dubghall (where the 'h' is an editorial expansion of a scribal abbreviation) in 1467. It is found in "Scottish Gaelic Given Names: For Men: Names of Scottish Gaels from Scottish Gaelic Sources" by Sharon L. Krossa as the name of a Scottish Gaelic scribe in Ireland (<http://www.medievalscotland.org/scotnames/gaelicgiven/men/dubhghall.shtml>). The genitive form of the name is Dubhghaill based on Mari's article "Index of Names in Irish Annals"

<http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Dubgall.shtml>). The name does not show lenition since it starts with D.

**Aodha** is the genitive form of Aodh, found at the Academy of St. Gabriel report #1336

(<http://www.panix.com/~gabriel/public-bin/showfinal.cgi/1336.txt>). Aodh is documented as used in the 15th century in "Scottish Gaelic Given Names: for Men" by Sharon L. Krossa

(<http://www.medievalscotland.org/scotnames/gaelicgiven/men/aodh.shtml>) as the given name of Aodh [a chomhartha] McCe, a witness to the Islay Charter in May 1408. Aodha is the genitive form of Aodh, found at the Academy of St. Gabriel site report 1336 (<http://www.panix.com/~gabriel/public-bin/showfinal.cgi/1336.txt>).

The pattern [inghean...mhic] for a double (paternal and grandpaternal) patronymic appears in "Quick and Easy Gaelic Names", 3rd edition, by Sharon L. Krossa.

Dreiburgen

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Máirghréd inghean Dubhghaill mhic Aodha.** Resub New Device. *Gules, on a bend sinister wavy Or three mullets of seven points purpure within a bordure Or.*

This is a kingdom resubmission. The original submission, *Gules, on a bend sinister wavy Or three mullets of seven points purpure* was returned for conflict with *Gules, on a bend sinister wavy Or an estoile sable* (Bice di Pietro, 2003), for only one CD (number of charges on the bend sinister). The addition of the bordure should be sufficient to give two CDs from this device (one for number of charges on the bend sinister and one for the bordure).

Dreiburgen.

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Marcus Flavius Germanicus.** New Name.

The submitter desires a masculine name. No other preferences are indicated.

**Marcus** is found as a Roman male praenomen at <http://www.legionxxiv.org/nomens/>, the second link to Roman names off the SCA Herald's webpage.

**Flavius** is found as a Roman male nomen at <http://www.legionxxiv.org/nomens/>, the second link to Roman names off the SCA Herald's webpage.

**Germanicus** is found as a Roman male Cognomen ex virtute - awarded as an "honorific" for his success in campaign (Not passed down to children) at <http://www.legionxxiv.org/nomens/>, the second link to Roman names off the SCA Herald's webpage.

Similar to "Marcus Flavius Sylvanus," registered via the Outlands in 10/90, but clear with a different cognomen.

Wintermist

**Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Marcus Flavius Germanicus.** New Device. *Per chevron Or and azure, two bears passant respectant sable and a beehive Or.*

Wintermist

The submitter is advised to draw the bears a bit larger (to fill the available space), but note that they are large enough to register.

**Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Mat O Deane the Incurable.** New Device. *Per pale and per chevron sable and Or, in chief three Maltese crosses counterchanged.*

Name registered 10/04.

**Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Matsunaga Haru.** Resub Kingdom Device: *Azure, on a roundel argent in bend sinister a dragonfly bendwise and a ginkgo leaf bendwise sinister.*

Name was on the October 2010 LoI as **Haru Matsunaga**, but the correct order for the name is Matsunaga Haru, which is anticipated to be the way it is registered.

This same blazon was returned at the August 15, 2010 Caid CoH meeting for poor heraldic style and lack of identifiability of the ginkgo leaf. This redraw addresses the reasons for the previous return.

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Ragnarr Dyflinnarskiri.** New Name

The submitter desires a masculine name, most interested in the meaning Ragnarr of Dublin.

Ragnarr - masculine given name found in Gierr Bassi p.14 with one instance.

Dyflinnarskiri - Locative by-name construction meaning "of Dublin" (Academy of St. Gabriel) Place-Names in Landnamabok (Incomplete) by Brian M. Scott. ([http://my.stratos.net/~bmsscott/Landnamabok\\_Place-Names.html#D](http://my.stratos.net/~bmsscott/Landnamabok_Place-Names.html#D))

Wintermist

**Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Ragnarr Dyflinnarskiri.** New Device. *Per chevron sable and Or, three fishhooks counterchanged.*

This submission is close to *Sable, a fishhook Or* (Uilliam O Seaghda 1/07) but there are two clear differences.

Note to the submitter: the line of division needs to divide the area into more even areas.

Wintermist

**Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Sibba Lytlanhamme.** New Name.

Submitter indicated no preferences.

Submitted as Sibba Lytlanhamme, the college changed the first letter of the place name to a capital in keeping with the current naming conventions

**Sibba** is found in R&W pg 284-5 as a pet name for Sibyl. It is also found on Feminine Given Names in A Dictionary of English Surnames Part Three: The Names H-Z by Talan Gwynek, Fause Losenge Herald

Extraordinary (Brian M. Scott) at <http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/reaneyHZ.html> s.n. Sibyl, as Sibba c.1095 Sibbe

**Lytlanhamme** is found in Ekwall s.n. Littleham dated in this spelling to 1042 as the present day Littleham meaning "‘little Hamm’ the first may be ‘small Hām.’" pg 300. On pg 214 s.n. Ham(m). "The original meaning of hamm is generally held to be ‘enclosure’, but in pl. ns. It is so often used to refer to flat land on a river or even in the bend of a river ..."

Calafia

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Sonja Klein.** New Name.

Submitter indicated no preferences.

**Sonja** is the submitter's legal given name as attested by Eridana and Annalia Dragotta.

**Klein** is found in Bahlow pg 298 s.n. Klein and St Gabriel report 2252 meaning small, delicate.

**Klein** is also found as a German surname in German Names from Nürnberg, 1497: A - Mby Aryanhwy merch Catmael at: <http://heraldry.sca.org/names/german/surnamesnurna-m.html>

Calafia

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Sweyn Arsale.** New Name.

Submitter indicated no preferences.

**Sweyn** is found <http://www.encyclopedia.com/topic/Sweyn.aspx> as a King of Denmark from 986-1014 son of Harald Bluetooth. Also spelled Svein. Sweyn is also found as an alternate spelling of Sveinn pg 277 Sweyn son of Ralf de Sutton 1263, FFF 206 Scandinavian Personal Names in Lincolnshire and Yorkshire, Copenhagen, Akademisk Forlag. 1968 pp 277.

**Arsale** is found in an unknown language in this book

[http://books.google.com/books?id=3h0zAAAAYAAJ&pg=PA272&lpg=PA272&dq=%22erik+arsale%22&source=bl&ots=jXgq8uD4GJ&sig=cLtxWpg0YAcXD3li1yF4mcCrpZM&hl=en&ei=3c6iTLCAlfmsQOo-N36Bg&sa=X&oi=book\\_result&ct=result&resnum=2&ved=0CBUQ6AEwAQ#v=onepage&q=%22erik%20arsale%22&f=false](http://books.google.com/books?id=3h0zAAAAYAAJ&pg=PA272&lpg=PA272&dq=%22erik+arsale%22&source=bl&ots=jXgq8uD4GJ&sig=cLtxWpg0YAcXD3li1yF4mcCrpZM&hl=en&ei=3c6iTLCAlfmsQOo-N36Bg&sa=X&oi=book_result&ct=result&resnum=2&ved=0CBUQ6AEwAQ#v=onepage&q=%22erik%20arsale%22&f=false)

Erik Arsale is an individual in the Heimskringla or The Chronicle of the Kings of Norway Saga of Sigurd the Crusader and His Brothers Eystein and Olaf Online Medieval and Classical Library Release #15b

<http://omae.org/Heimskringla/crusaders.html> somewhere around 1100 (when King Sigurd was King of Norway

(Eric Goodyear annual harvesting was good, Swedish: Erik Årsäll, Old Norse: Eiríkr hinn ársæli, was a semi-historical king of Sweden. His historicity has been called into question. He is dated by some to the end of the 11th century, by others to the 1120s, while more critical historians believe that he is a legendary name belonging to the 10th century. However, Eric does not appear in any Swedish or Danish primary sources.)

[http://www.museumstuff.com/learn/topics/Eric\\_of\\_Good\\_Harvests](http://www.museumstuff.com/learn/topics/Eric_of_Good_Harvests)

Calafia

**Name returned for lack of documentation of the byname.** (Eridana will consult)

**Thorbjorn Ulfhrafn Ulfsson.** Resub Name Change.

The submitter desires

Returned 07/04 **Thórbjörn Úlfsson.** Name change from Thórbjörn Assa.

Aural conflict with the registered name **Thorbjorn Olafsson**, registered December 1987. The given names are identical. In June 2001, the name Astrid Olafsdatter was ruled an aural conflict with Astrith Ulfsdottir.

Therefore, Olafsson and Ulfsson are also an aural conflict.

**Thorbjorn** is found in Gierr Bassi p.16 as a compound given name (Thor + bjorn)

**Ulfhrafn**, Ulf is a masculine given name + hrafn (raven) formed according to nickname construction in Gierr Bassi p.18-19.

**Ulfsson**, son of Ulfr, a masculine given name found in Gierr Bassi p.15 This patronymic is formed according to the pattern Grimr to Grimsson on p.17

Wintermist

**This submission was not presented at the meeting.**

**Zhelana Vovkivna.** New Name

The submitter desires a Russian – Ukrainian name, no gender is specified, but the documentation for the name indicates that the submitter desires a feminine name.

**Zhelana** is Russian in origin, based on the masculine name Zhelan 'wish', dated in the spelling Zelan to 1052 found in Wickenden, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition p. 418. (2nd ed.: <http://heraldry.sca.org/paul/z.html>). The use of a final -a to feminize non-deuterothematic Russian names can be seen in the following examples, also from Wickenden: Bazhen 'beloved, craved' (1555) - Bazhena (1030); Bel 'white' (1143) - Bela (1256); Bozhan 'divine' (1057) - Bozhana (1052); Darii 'strong, conquering' (1356) - Dar'ia (16c); Ded 'grandfather' (1495) - Deda (1145); Dim 'darkness' (1368) - Dima 'people' (1629); Dod 'great' (1293) - Doda (1222); Golub' 'pigeon' (1495) - Goluba (1598) Further examples and discussion of feminizing Russian names with -a can be found in Sofia la Rus: "Feminine Name Construction" (<http://sofyalarus.wikispaces.com/Feminine+Name+Construction>).

**Vovkivna** - Vovk is a Ukrainian word meaning "wolf," found at

<http://www.freeang.net/online/ukrainian.php?lg=gb>. The Cyrillic, "вовк", transliterates in English letters to "Vovk" based on the conversion chart found at <http://www.omniglot.com/writing/russian.htm>. [-ivna] is the Ukrainian female patronymic ending, found at <http://en.academic.ru/dic.nsf/enwiki/345966>. More extensive justification for using the Ukrainian surname will accompany the submission, primarily from Wickenden.

Dreiburgen

**Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**

**Zhelana Vovkivna.** New Device. *Per bend sable and purple, two garbs Or.*

Dreiburgen

**Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.**