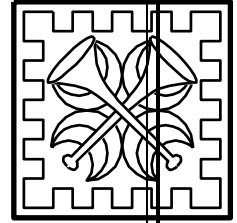




Caid College of Heraldry

c/o Su Ralston

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Minutes of the July 18, 2010 College of Heraldry Meeting

Meeting began at 11:35

Present Su *Crescent*, Illuminada *Dolphin*, Jeanne Marie *Noir Licorne*, Hrorek *Chevron*, Tiernan *Coral*, Uluric *Trident*, Ursula *Green Staff*, Eridana *Amber*, Stephania von Graz.

Upcoming meetings: Aug 15, Sept 12, Oct 3, Nov 21, and Dec 19

Crown is Aug 21 - Submissions will NOT be accepted at crown.

The college has purchased two printer/scanners. The printer which the college is using is available for an outlying area.

Avice is stepping up as Coral on Saturday.

Ursula will be hosting a class on name heraldry on Aug 1.

From the March 2010 LoAR: Ordo is not an acceptable designator for households. Legion and Legio are no longer accepted as designator for orders so are available to be used in household names.

Gray period, clarification regarding names known to only exist within the gray area: If there is a specific reason to believe that a particular name element dated to the "Gray Area" would not or could not have been used prior to 1600, it will not be registerable. Otherwise, name elements dated to the "Gray Area" will be acceptable for use in SCA names.

Hitching and Hitching, *References to English Surnames in 1601 and 1602* was added to the No Photocopy List.

Unless otherwise noted, all submitters will accept the creation of a holding name, if appropriate. Approved submissions will be forwarded on the July 31, 2010 Letter of Intent.

Aíbinn ingen huí Thaichligh. Resub Laurel Name and New Device: *Or, a magpie volant proper between three triquetras azure.*

The submitter desires a feminine name and will accept minor changes. The submitter is using the form suggested by Laurel.

Previous submission, Aóibheann inghean uí Taichligh, was return by Laurel June 2009 for lack of documentation of the given name and for linguistic inconsistency in the byname.

Aíbinn or *Oébfinn*, was used in the Middle Irish (c900-c1200) era, according to Mari Elspeth nic Bryan, "Index of Names in Irish Annals".

Taichligh needs to be lenited, e.g., *Thaichligh*.

This submission comes from Nordwache.

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Alana Falconer New Name and Device *Per fess azure and gules, two lions combatant and a wolf segeant ululant Or.*

Submitter does not care about the gender of the name, allows minor changes and desires a name that sounds like *Alanna*. Alternate spellings provided: Alanna 2 Alana 3 Elana 4 Alina Submitted as: Alanna Falconer, name was changed to match available documentation.

Alanna closest period spelling found is **Alana**

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Alana is from the LoAR of 08/02. 'The name Alana has been found in period by Tangwystyl verch Morgant Glasvryn cited (1381) [Robertus Filius Radulf] and [Alana filia eius]. This citation is from Fenwick, Carolyn C, Poll Taxes of 1377, 1379 and 1381, Part 1: Bedfordshire- Leicestershire p 112.'

Falconer is found in Bardsley pg 281 as 'the keeper of his lord's or lady's falcon. Exchequer of Great Britain, Inquisitions and Assessments Relating to Feudal Aids has an example of **Falconer** used as a byname in a Latin document from England in 1303:

<http://books.google.com/books?id=wSkMAQAIAAJ&pg=PA165#v=onepage&q&f=false>

[Armory] Use of a wolf ululant is a SFPP.

This submission comes from Angels.

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Brynjólfr Brandsson. New Name

The submitter desires a masculine name, will accept minor but not major changes, and cares most about the sound: "Brin-yull-fur Brand-son"

Submitted as Brynjólfr Brandarson, changed to match available documentation: The correct patronymic byname formed from *Brandr* is *Brandsson*. (Eldjárn Brandsson, 02/10).

Brynjólfr is found as a masculine given name in GB p. 9.

Brandsson - Brandr is found in GB p. 8. The correct patronymic byname formed from *Brandr* is *Brandsson*. (Eldjárn Brandsson, 02/10). **The standard genitive form of *Brandr* is *Brands*.**

Academy of Saint Gabriel Report discusses genitive forms of *Brandr* in Old Norse: <http://www.s-gabriel.org/3111>

This submission comes from Gyldenholt.

Name is approved as changed and forwarded to Laurel.

Delina Natali. New Device: *Argent, a torii and on a chief gules three mullets of four points elongated to base argent.*

Her name was registered 10/05.

The submitter would prefer the charges on the chief to be blazoned as crosses estoile, but this is a Victorian cross found in Elvin, 1889, according to the PicDic.

Use of a Japanese charge is a SFPP.

This submission comes from Gyldenholt.

Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Drach Medved' New Name

Submitter desires a masculine name, will allow minor changes, and cares most about the language Russian,

Drach is found in Wickendon 3rd ed. p.74 as a masculine given name glossed as 'quarrelsome' Drach, serf 1539, dim. Drachko Olukhow 1576.

Medved' is found in Wickenden 3rd ed. p207, as a masculine name glossed as 'bear', Kondrako Medved' 1495.

This submission comes from Dreiburgen.

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Eva filia Edeneweyn. New Device (KR) *Per pale purpure and argent, a moon in her plentitude argent and a crow statant to sinister sable and a chief embattled pean.*

Her name was registered Oct. 2007.

Submitter's previous submission: *Per pale purpure and argent, a moon in her plentitude argent and a crow statant to sinister regardant sable gorged of a chain with an escallop pendant there from Or, a chief embattled pean.* This device is returned for being excessively complex. With five tinctures (purpure, argent, sable, Or, pean) and five types of charge (moon, crow, escallop, chain, chief), this device has a complexity count of ten, (07/09 LoAR)

This redraw drops the complexity count to seven.

This submission comes from Lyondemere.

Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel. (Su redraw)

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Gregor MacDonald and Petronel Harlakendon (jointly owned). New joint badge (KR) *(fieldless) A talbot's head couped within and conjoined to an annulet Or.*

This badge to be jointly owned.

The previous badge: *(fieldless) A talbot's head couped Or* was returned by kingdom 06/10 for conflict.

This submission comes from Dreiburgen.

Badge is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Gürcü İskender New Primary Name and Kingdom Resub primary device: *Azure crescenty argent, a zulfikar inverted palewise Or and a gore sinister argent.*

Mykola Alecksandr was registered with the device: *Azure crescenty argent, a Russian Orthodox cross Or and a gore sinister argent.* 03/92.

Device returned 10 June for redraw

Submitter desires to keep current name, Mykola Alecksandr, as alternate and current device as badge.

Submitter allows minor changes and cares most about Ottoman Turkish 16th Century culture

Gürcü is found as a descriptive byname meaning 'Georgian' on St Gabriel report #3084

<http://www.panix.com/~gabriel/public-bin/showfinal.cgi?3084+0>

This report also supports the byname-given name order " We found a few examples of janissaries using a descriptive byname such as <Ku"c,u"k> 'small' before their given name.

İskender is found as a given name on St Gabriel report 2423

<http://www.panix.com/~gabriel/public-bin/showfinal.cgi?2423+0> as iskender (lower case) as a

male given name (It is cited as both a Turkish and Arabic name, in both upper and lower case)

The lower-case in the Saint Gabriel report indicates that the given name using the Turkish dotted i. Therefore, the name should be **Gürcü İskender**.

Zulfikar – is found in E.J. Brill's First encyclopaedia of Islam, 1913-1936, Volume 2 By Martijn Theodoor Houtsma found at

http://books.google.com/books?id=p5U3AAAIAAJ&pg=PA959&lpg=PA959&dq=Dhu'l-Fakar&source=bl&ots=OJvnnO1GGR&sig=aarLJIPSueUpglvAbtF1Lt0by3k&hl=en&ei=r1i7TKbqJlu4sQOR-ZHqDg&sa=X&oi=book_result&ct=result&resnum=4&ved=0CCkQ6AEwAw#v=onepage&q=Dhu'l-Fakar&f=false

p. 959: DHU 'IFAKAR (A) the name of the famous sword, which Muhammad obtained as booty in the battle of Badr; it previously belonged to an infidel named Munabbih b. al-Hadjdadj.

This submission comes from Calafia.

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

James Everglad. Resub (K) Badge *[Fieldless] In saltire two arrows inverted fretted with a mascle sable.*

His name was registered July 2004 via Caid. His previous submission was returned by Crescent at the June 2010 CoH meeting for conflict with *(Fieldless) A fret couped sable* (Elizabeth Musard 03/04). The badge has been drawn to somewhat enlarge the fletching and the submitter's herald notes:

Just as a sheaf of charges is three charges, not a single charge (see Feb. 2008 CL), this arrangement of charges is three charges, not a single charge. If the arrows and mascle are considered co-primary charges, then these are clear with three CDs (fieldlessness and type and number of primary charges). If the arrows are considered primary charges and the mascle is considered a secondary charge there are four CDs (same as before plus one for adding the secondary charge) - and that's assuming that X.2 doesn't apply.

While precedent has declined to grant a CD between a *saltire fretted with a serpent in mascle* and a *fret* (Silence de Cherbourg, 01/00), that was due to the visual resemblance to a fret. Similarly the precedent:

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[Per pale counter-ermine and ermine, a fret Or, a bordure gules.] This conflicts with Conrad de Graz: *Ermine, a fret coupé of six two-pronged forks Or within a bordure gules*. There is one CD for the field but that is all. There is not sufficient difference between a fret coupé (even of forks) and a fret to gain a second CD in this case. [Richard Dale, LoAR 09/2004, Calontir-R] deals with the visual similarity between a collection of charges and a fret.

We believe that the prominent fletching of the arrows makes it clear that they are not a saltire and thus not part of the fret. Forks on the other hand are still relatively straight charges - the slight gap between the tines is not as noticeable as an arrow's fletching and tips. We therefore believe that there should be a CD between a fret and James' badge. The snakes likewise lack any feature that made it clear they were not part of a fret.

Based on the prominent fletching and tip of a heraldic arrow, we believe that there is sufficient difference to clear James's badge from Elizabeth's both technically and visually. We therefore appeal Crescent's return of the badge for conflict and request that it be forwarded to Laurel for consideration.

This is a redraw (therefore, not an appeal) which helps with the identifiability of the charge. This submission comes from Altavia.

Badge is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Jeneuer Neuille. New Device: *Vert, on a pale between two swans respectant argent three arrows inverted sable.*

Her name was registered June 2003.

Not to submitter to use more than a single pen line for the shaft of the arrows.

This submission comes from (Starkhafn) Caid.

Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Kaie Kelly. New Name

Submitter does not care about gender, allows all changes, and cares **only** about the sound Kai described by the submitting herald as K/i/ (long i). She allows any language or spelling for the given name Kai

Submitted as Kai Kelly the name was changed to match the available documentation.

Kaie is found as a surname in Hinchings. The use of surnames as given names is a documented late period practice in England. Withycombe discusses this on p. xii, where she notes "The fashion became fairly general among the landed Gentry in Elizabeth's reign"

Kelly is found Ekwall as the header spelling, closest dated spelling **Kelli** 1194 P.

Kelley, pg xiv L.7: La. 24 and **Kellye**, pg lvii C. 25 are both found in Hinchings as surnames recorded in 1601 & 1602. Kelly is also found in R&W p262, which cites Warin de Kelly 1193 and John de Kelly 1373. Since the name element is found without the 'de' in Hinchings, this can be considered a plausible spelling variant.

This submission comes from Calafia.

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Katherine of Anglesey New Change of Device: *Per pale azure and argent, a dolphin haurient between three leeks counterchanged.*

Name was registered 04/93.

Retain previous *Per pale azure and argent, a dolphin haurient and a cockatrice erect, on a chief a dragon couchant guardant all counterchanged*.as badge.

This submission comes from Naevehjem.

Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Ketill rauðskeggr. Withdrawal and resubmission of badge: *Argent, a pair of compasses and a bordure azure.*

The badge which is in submission on the Dec 2009 Lol (May LoAR): *Azure, a pair of compasses Or, a bordure argent.* Is hereby withdrawn,

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This submission comes from Calafia.

Badge is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Levi ben Daniel. New Name and Device: *Per pale sable and azure, a two headed goose displayed within an orle of ducks Or.*

Submitter will allow minor changes, no other preferences are indicated.

Levi is found as a male Jewish given name --found 2 individuals in 1096 <http://www.s-gabriel.org/names/juetta/crusades.html> R[eb] Levi b[en] R[eb] Shmuel Neuss, Germany 1096 R[eb] Levi b[en] R[eb] Shlomo Germany 1096.

ben- "son of in" Jewish names

Daniel is found also as a Jewish male given name in <http://www.s-gabriel.org/names/juetta/crusades.html> which cites Yitzchak ben Daniel, Worms, Germany 1096.

This name could have been documented from England using no photocopy sources:

Levi is found as a male Jewish given name In ha-Levi's "Jewish Naming Convention in Angevin England" at <http://heraldry.sca.org/heraldry/laurel/names/jewish.html>.

Daniel is found in Withycombe, p78, as a masculine name derived from the Hebrew meaning "'God has judged.'" It is found before the Norman Conquest, but only as the name of monks or bishops. Its use as an ordinary Christian name seems to have begun in the 12th C. Dates Daniel Cur 1189-1215.

[Amory] There is a SFPP for using a displayed bird other than eagle.

This submission comes from Calafia.

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Nest de Molde Grove New Name and New Device. *Azure, two chevrons nebuly on the upper edge argent.*

Submitter desires a feminine name and will accept no changes. No other preferences are indicated.

Nest is found in The Merioneth Lay Subsidy Roll of 1292-3. Northwestern Wales from 1902-3.

<http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/welsh13.html>

de generic preposition: of.

Molde Grove is found in Southwestern Wales (Pembrokeshire) from 1326 at

<http://domesdaymaps.com/WPN-M.htm>

This submission comes from College of St. Artemas (Calafia).

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Oddr onesocke. New name

Submitter allows all changes, cares about the sound of the given name "Odd," and the meaning of the epithet meaning one sock. He will accept "onesocke", "one sock", or something meaning the same or the same meaning translated into Norse

Oddr- Geirr Bassi pg13

socke Reaney & Wilson s.n. Sock dates the byname *le Sock'* to 1355-9. Earlier forms include *Socche* in 1066 and *Soc* in 1305.

Sokke is found in the OED Compact Ed. p. 361 s.n. sock: *sokke 1440, socke 1565.*

Aryanhwy merch Catmael, Viking Bynames found in the *Landnámabók* (

<http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/norse/vikbynames.html>) lists multiple examples of bynames based on clothing, including *buna* 'hang-stockings, one with his stockings hanging down his leg', *raudfeldr* 'red-cloak', *farserkr* 'travel-shirt', *gráfeldr* 'gray fur coat/cloak', *kváran* 'shoe, boot', *kogurr* 'fringed cloak, fringe', and *loðbrók* 'shaggy-pants'.

Based on these examples, we believe that a Norse byname meaning 'one stocking' would be a reasonable construction and ask the College for assistance forming a name meaning one sock.

This submission comes from Calafia.

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

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Olaf mac Stiamna- Resub Kingdom name

Original submission Olaf Stiamnason was returned in March 10 because the patronymic is Irish and not Norse so patronymic was formed incorrectly.

The submitter desires a masculine name, no other preferences are indicated.

Olaf - Geirr Bassi (Old Norse Name, p. 13) shows Óláfr as a masculine name. Olaf was translated into Irish as: Amlaíb / Amhlaóib found Index of Names in Irish Annals by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan (Kathleen M. O'Brien) Research Notes: "A borrowing of the Old Norse Olaf... It was brought into Ireland by the Viking invaders and adopted by the Irish." (OCM, p. 22 s.n. Amlaíb) <http://www.s-gabriel.org/names/mari/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Amlaib.shtml>

Stiamna is a male given name found in the Irish Annals site as above <http://www.s-gabriel.org/names/mari/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Stiamhna.shtml> and is the Middle 900-1200 genitive form.

A likely authentic Middle Irish form for this name would be Amlaíb mac Stiamna

The form was changed prior to the meeting based on the attached e-mail from the submitter approving the change to Olaf mac Stiamna. (from Olaf Stiamsson).

This submission comes from Gyldenholt.

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Orion Martyn. New Name

Submitter desires a masculine name and no other preferences are indicated.

Orion is a Russian male given name found in Wickenden 3rd edition, p250, meaning hunter and is a 14th century martyr [Lev 13].

Martyn is a variant spelling of Martin, a male given name found in Wickenden 3rd edition, p203, meaning the God Mars, dated to the 15th century [Art VII 89, #469].

Note the following precedent:

This appeal raised the issue of whether there is evidence for unmarked patronymic bynames in Russian. The submitter and commenters provided examples that could be interpreted as unmarked patronymics in Russian names. Furthermore, they found statements from authorities on Russian names supporting unmarked patronymics as a rare practice in Russian names. The evidence presented is sufficient to allow unmarked patronymics in Russian names as a rare, but registerable practice. Therefore, this name is registerable. [Marija Kotok, Sept. 2007]

This submission is from Calafia.

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Petronel Harlakenden. With Gregor MacDonald (jointly owned). New joint badge (KR) (fieldless) A talbot's head couped within and conjoined to an annulet Or.

This badge to be jointly owned.

The previous badge: (fieldless) A talbot's head couped Or was returned by kingdom 06/10 for conflict.

This submission comes from Dreiburgen.

Badge is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Rosalie Wilcox. New Name and New Device: *Paly gules and argent, on a chief engrailed sable three hearts argent.*

The submitter desires a feminine name and will accept minor changes.

Rosalie is found in Withycombe, p.119 as header. Rosalie is found in Dauzaut, and an Italiane saint of the 12th cent. *Elisabetha Rosalia* is mentioned in a Latin epitaph for a French man who died in 1607. *Rosalia* is a Latinized form; *Rosalie* is the expected French form of the name. The text of the epitaph may be found in *Antiquités nationales, ou Recueil de monumens pour servir à l'histoire générale et particulière de l'Empire François* (1791), which is on Google Books:

<http://books.google.com/books?id=3s0WAAAAQAAJ&pg=RA3-PA32#v=onepage&q&f=false>

Wilcox is found in R&W p. 492 as one of the header spellings. Hitchings p. lxxxiv, cites Wilcox. S 36.

The Caid College requests the assistance of the CoA in finding an example of *Rosalie* in English.

This submission is from Lyondemere.

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

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Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Speranza de Rauvenna. - New Name and Device: *Per bend sinister argent and sable, a bend sinister vert between a mullet azure and a griffin passant Or.*

Submitter desires a feminine name and allows minor changes. The 'u' was added to the form prior to submission.

Speranza is an Italian (Jewish) feminine given name found at: Names of Jews in Rome In the 1550's, Table of Names Compiled by Yehoshua ben Haim haYerushalmi (MKA Zachary Kessin) http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/Jewish/rome_names.html#women. The list appears to have at least 3 separate Ladies with the given name Speranza:

Speranza di Stella di Sicilia

Speranza the Window q.m Aron di Marchigiana Katzav

Speranza the wife of Giuseppe

de Rauvenna is the period spelling for the modern place Ravenna dated to 1554 in the Mercator's Place Names of Italy in 1554 by Maridonna Benvenuti (Andrea Hicks) last updated March 2005 <http://www.s-gabriel.org/names/maridonna/mercator/north.html>.

Submitter was advised to draw the bend sinister more boldly. Complexity count of 8, but seems to follow fairly frequently used SCA armory style.

This submission comes from Calafia.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Tiberius Claudius Bibulus. New Name (KR) and New Device (KR): *Gules, three mullets one and two argent and on a point pointed argent an encrescent gules.*

Name and device returned Kingdom 02/10.

Submitter desires a male name authentic to 1st century Roman, and will accept all changes.

Tiberius is found as a Praenomen at <http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/roman/names.html>

Claudius if found as a nomen at <http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/roman/names.html>

Bibulus if found as an agnomen at <http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/roman/names.html>

Name is spelled Bibilus on the name form, Bibulos is on the armory form, the documentation shows Bibulus. Both forms are being changed to match the documentation cited by the submitter.

Bibulus is found in An Elementary Latin Dictionary, Charlton T Lewis, translated to mean 'given to drink, drinking freely' at

<http://perseus.tufts.edu/hopper/text?doc=Perseus%3Atext%3Aa1999.04.0060%3Aentry%3Dbibulus>

Previous submission Tiberius Bibulus was returned for not following the usual trinomial Roman name pattern. The previous armory submission *Per chevron gules and argent, three mullets one and two and a decrescent counterchanged*, was returned for use of a restricted charge, a gules decrescent on an argent field. Both were returned on the 02/10 Caid CoH minutes. This submission adds a third element to the name and is a redesign which avoids the restricted charge.

Name is approved as changed and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Typhainne d'Alexandre. Resub Laurel badge: *(Fieldless) Four compass stars conjoined in cross Or.*

Name was registered Nov 01.

Previous badge (Fieldless) Four compass stars conjoined in cross argent. was returned April 07LoaR Typhainne d'Alexandre. badge is returned for conflict with the device of Gerhard Helmbrecht von Offenbach, Gyronny azure and argent, four compass stars argent. There is a CD for fieldlessness, but there is nothing for conjoining the compass stars. Nor is there a CD for arrangement of the compass stars as the compass stars in Gerhard's device are forced to be on the azure gyrons.

Changing the color of the compass stars creates the second CD.

Badge is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

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