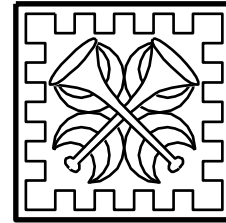


Caid College of Heraldry

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Minutes of the April 25, 2010 College of Heraldry Meeting

Meeting commenced at 11:00 AM.

In attendance were: Su *Crescent*, *Illuminada Dolphin*, *Hrorek Chevron*, Thomas *Quatrefoil*, *Cormac Battlement*, *Eridana*, *Mourin Wintermist*, *Martin FitzJames*, *Annalia Drogota(sp)*, *Stephania*, *. Avice (from Lyondemere)*

Upcoming meetings are: May 16th, June 20th, July 18, Aug 15th, Sept 12, Oct 3, Nov 21, and Dec 19.

Unless otherwise noted, all submitters will accept the creation of a holding name, if appropriate. Approved submissions will be forwarded on the May 31, 2010 Letter of Intent.

Altavia, Barony of

Aharon ben Yaakov New Name and New Device: *Per bend azure and argent, a bend counterchanged between a donkey passant bendwise argent and a boot azure pierced on the ankle argent.*

[Name] The submitter desires a masculine name, will accept all changes.

Aharon - Hebrew version of biblical 'Aaron' found cited in Mainz, Germany dated 1096 at s-gabriel.org/names/juetta/masc/aharon.html

ben Yaakov - Hebrew, patronymic from biblical "Jacob" found cited in Mainz, Germany dated 1195 at s-gabriel.org/names/juetta/masc/Yaakov.html

This conflicts with: *Per bend azure and argent, a bend between a chasing hammer and a cross of Cleves all counterchanged* (John Luke Malleous, 09/98). The only CD is the change in secondary charges.

Note to submitter, please draw the donkey larger.

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device is returned for conflict.

Caitriona inghean Diarmada New Name and New Device: *Per pale Or and vert, in pale two greyhounds courant countercourant counterchanged.*

Submitter desires a feminine name, allows all changes, and is interested in an Irish name.

The submitter crossed out parts of the form, particularly the section on authentic name, and it was not changed after receipt.

Submitted as **Caitriona inghean Diarmait**. The patronymic was changed to "Diarmada" to properly reflect the genitive for a feminine name.

Caitriona is given as the standard Early Modern spelling of the name of 15 women in Mari Elspeth nic Bryan's "Index of Names in Irish Annals", dated between 1360 and 1654

(<http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/>). The accent on the 'i' has been dropped intentionally.

Caitriona is also found in OCM p. 45.

inghean Diarmait is intended to mean "daughter of Dermott"

From Index of Names in Irish Annals: Diarmait / Diarmaid (copy included)

by Mari Elspeth nic Bryan (Kathleen M. O'Brien© 2000-2006.

<http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Diarmait.shtml>

Early Modern Irish Gaelic (c1200-c1700) genitive form: Diarmada

It is worth mentioning: Caitilín inghean Diarmada, registered July '07. This should be clear, as the sound and appearance are different and Mari's article notes that she hasn't found Caitriona and Caitilin used for the same person.

Name approved as changed and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Nikolaos Phaistios New Name and New Device: *Sable, on a sun issuant from base Or a Russian Orthodox cross reversed sable in sinister chief on a bezant two arrows inverted in saltire sable.*

[Name] The submitter desires a masculine name, cares most about the sound (unspecified) and desires that it authentic Greek. Submitted as **Nikoloas Phaistos**, was changed by the college to Nikolaos Phaistios to match documentation.

Nikolaos - From the noun νικη 'victory' is cited 283 times in classical greek names including the following spellings: Niko-machos, Niko-stratos, Niko-laos, Niko-krates etc. <http://www.lgpn.ox.ac.uk/database/lgpn.php>

Phaistios – “Phaistos, one of the oldest and most important Cretan cities, stood on the river Lithaios to the west of Gortyna.” <http://www.greek-islands.us/ancient-greek-coins/crete-phaistos-coins/>

Phaistios is the ethnic byname corresponding to the city name Phaistos. You can find it listed as item 980 on p. 1263 of Mogens Herman Hansen and Thomas Heine Nielsen, An inventory of archaic and classical poleis (<http://books.google.com/books?id=22jupg3FqdYC&pg=PA1263#v=onepage&q&f=false>).

[Armory] The college chose to blazon the cross as reversed, since the PicDic shows the bottom bar of the cross bendwise sinister, this cross is in the opposite direction.

Name is approved as changed and forwarded to Laurel.

Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Calafia, Barony of

Oswyn Goodryke Resub Kingdom Device: *Per pale Or and argent, two fish embowed adorsed gules and azure both incensed gules.*

Name registered March 2001

Device returned by Kingdom Oct 29, 2006

Oswyn Goodryke. New device. *Per pale Or and argent, two fish hauriant adorsed counterchanged gules and azure breathing flames gules.*

[Armory] RfS XI.3 states "Divisions commonly used for marshalling, such as quarterly or per pale, may only be used in contexts that ensure marshalling is not suggested. Such fields may only be used when no single portion of the field may appear to be an independent piece of armory." This device appears to be impaling the arms Or, a fish hauriant gules breathing flames proper and Argent, a fish haurant azure breathing flames proper.

The flames are drawn correctly as alternating tongues of flames of red and gold. When drawn correctly, proper flames are considered "neutral" tinctured, or able to be displayed either on color or metal field.

However, proper flames should not be placed on Or or gules fields since half of the flame has no contrast at all. This must be returned for this reason as well. (RfS VIII.2.a.11)

Device returned for presumption and insufficient contrast.

This submission avoids the appearance of presumption, and the flames now have sufficient contrast.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Carreg Wen, Shire of

Ursula Husenheinz. New Name and New Device: *Argent, a pale endorsed sable between two garbs vert banded Or.*

[Name] Submitter allows minor changes and indicated no other preferences.

Urusula- Feminine given name from Regensburg 1350-64 author Seibicke, volume 4 pg 336 St Ursula 4th century. Also found in Bahlow p. 576, stating “the name was rare in the Middle Ages, thus not an FM”

Husenheinz- matronymic surname found in Brechenmacher volume 1 pg 761. It is a header spelling, but undated. Dates under the header are from the 1400s.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Gyldenholt, Barony of

Alethea de Rouen New name and device: *Per chevron argent and azure, three columbines slipped and leaved one and two, and a dove volant counterchanged.*

Submitter desires a feminine name and cares most about the meaning, unspecified. No other preferences are indicated.

Alethea is found in Withycombe (1st edition pg 6) from the Greek coming into fashion as a Christian given name in the 17th Century. The submitter prefers the spelling Alithia, but no documentation for this spelling was found. It's mentioned in the Saint Gabriel report #1548, with various spellings. Althea is undocumentable in period. Alethius and Alithius are given names found in 5th and 6th century France (feminized to Aletheia or Alithia) and Alatheia is a woman married in 1606.

de Rouen is a locative surname found in "French Names from Paris, 1421, 1423, & 1438"

(<http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/french/paris1423surnames.html> has 3 examples of <de Rouen>. (copy included)

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Jakob Hálfðanarson. New Name and New Device: *Per pale gules and sable, a gore and a gore sinister argent.* Submitter desires a masculine name, accepts minor changes, and requests an authentic name meaning Jakob, son of Hálfðan in the 12th century Danish culture.

Jakob is found as a masculine given name in Geirr Bassi pg 12.

Hálfðan is found as a masculine given name in Geirr Bassi pg 11. The patronymic is formed following the instructions on page 17 where it is an example.

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Merewen of Warthwic. New Name and New Device: *Argent a bull passant and a gore vert...*

Submitter desires a feminine name, accepts minor changes, cares most about sound and language and culture, and requests a name authentic for 12th century England.

Merewen is found in R&W as a female given name pg 301 under the header Marvin dated to 1202.

Warthwic is found in Place Names of Great Britain & Ireland, by J Field pg 184 under the header Warwick and is dated 1131 meaning dwelling or premises on a bank. Warthwic is also found in Ekwall, p.499, s.n. Warwick, dated in this spelling to 1132, and is the first of the two header spellings to be dated.

[Armor] The bull has his horns lowered as if to charge. The college feels that this is an artistic detail that needn't be blazoned.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Marcellus Padovanus. New Device: *Argent a cross formy gules, on a chief embattled sable three fleurs-de-lys Or.* Name registered Feb 2004.

This is a cross formy, not a cross couped, thus does not violate the international treaty of the Red Cross.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Michelle filia Osgarus. New Name and New Device: *Purple, a chevron sable fimbriated between three dogwood flowers argent.*

Submitter desires a feminine name and no other preferences are indicated.

Michelle is the submitter's given middle name as attested by Master Thomas and Eridana. **Michelle** is also found in "Late Period French Feminine Names" by Aryanhwy merch Catmael, which gives multiple dates for Michelle from 1438-1605. <http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/french/latefrench.html>.

filia- I think the correct word is filla, (daughter of) but am unsure

Osgarus is the Latin form of Oscar in the Doomsday book also found in R&W pg 36 Osgar de Bedeford 1066.

http://www.archive.org/stream/rerumbritannica22offigoog/rerumbritannica22offigoog_djvu.txt

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Olaf Stiammason- New Name (likely will have a transfer of device from his late father)

Submitter desires a masculine name and no other preferences are indicated.

Olaf is found in Geirr Bassi, p. 13, which shows Óláfr as a masculine name. Olaf is also found as a male given name and 12 times as a patronymic in the SCA Finnish name article by Rouva Gertrud,

<http://heraldry.sca.org/heraldry/laurel/names/FinnishNamesArticle.htm>. Olaf is also found as a variant of Olafr in Russian Nordisk Runamslexicon p. 153.

OLAF M Olaff Yltenpo(ika?) ... Oleff i Laytio 1432, FMU III 2056.

Olaf is also a masculine given name from the ON Anleifr, and was popular in the Scandanavian countries because of St. *Olaf* (d. 1030) and *Olaf* Trygvasson (d. 1000), both Kings of Norway. Withycombe notes that while the Danes used *Olaf* in pre-Norman England, its use fell out of favor after the Norman Conquest (pp. 231-2, s.n. *Olaf*).

Academy S. Gabriel Report 2896 demonstrates *Olaf* as a masculine given Norwegian name in the period 1480-1530 (<http://www.s-gabriel.org/2896>). According to the article "Old Norse Men's Names" by Gunnvor silfraharr (<http://www.vikinganswerlady.com/ONMensNames.shtml>), *Olaf* is the usual East Scandanavian form of this name.

the Irish form of Olaf is either Amlaib or Amhlaoibh

<http://www.medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnnalsIndex/Masculine/Amlaib.shtml>

Stiammason is an Irish patronymic from the given name Stiamna.

Stiamna Gruamda registered 05/06. Staimna Gruamda is the biological father of the submitter.

This is one step from period practice combining Norse and Gaelic languages.

Name is returned for further consultation.

Theonis de Zeeuwe. New Name and New Device: *Argent, three strikes sable.*

[Name] Submitter allows minor changes, no other preferences are indicated.

Theonis is found dated to 1478 in "15th Century Dutch Name" by Aryanhwy merch Catmael (Sara L. Uckelman) revised version ©2004-2006, 2009 Sara L. Uckelman; all rights reserved last updated 01May09.

<http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/dutch/dutch15.html>

de Zeeuwe is found as a descriptive byname dated to 1531-32, meaning "the Zeelander" in "Surnames" by Aryanhwy merch Catmael (Sara L. Uckelman) revised version © 2004-2005.

<http://heraldry.sca.org/names/dutch/dutch15surnames.html> .

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Isles, Shire of

Ylaria Thriepland New Name and New Device: *Per pale Or and sable, a badger rampant gules marked argent, maintaining a mullet of seven points inverted argent.*

[Name] The submitter desires a feminine name and cares most about the sound (unspecified). No other options marked. Submitted as "Ylaria Thrieplands," the name changed to match available documentation.

Ylaria is found in Feminine Given Names in A Dictionary of English Surnames by Talan Gwynek, on the SCA website, under Eulalia, dated in this spelling to 1208.

Thriepland is found in Black, p. 770 as the first of three header spellings. A rare surname in Scotland, based on a place-name, No spelling found for "Thrieplands." **Thriepland** is also found in the Dictionary of the Scots Tongue s.v. <hie strete>; the quotation is "a hie strete and passage to be maid from Langshot Mos to Thriepland Dyke" from 1582. <http://www.dsl.ac.uk/>

Name approved as changed and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Lyondemere, Barony of

Hayashi O Tora. New Name

[Name] Submitter desires a feminine name and no other preferences are indicated.

Hayashi- is found as a surname on pg 146 [MCMJ] dated to 1600.

Tora- is found as a feminine given name pg 154 [MCMJ] dated to 1572.

O following Solveig's instruction on pg 50 [MCMJ] for feminine names of the Muramachi period, this honorific precedes the given name.

Name is approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Wintermist, Shire of

Amaryllis le Pouke New Name and New Device: *Ermine, a dragon-winged sea lion Or, winged and tailed gules.*
The submitter desires a feminine given name, will allow minor but not major changes, and indicates no other preferences.

Amaryllis is found in Withycombe, p.18, where it is described as Latin from the Greek, used by Theocritus, Ovid and Virgil as a name from a country girl, and borrowed by English poets such as Spenser (in his poems Faerie Queene (1590-6) and Colin Clouts Come Home Again (1595)) and Milton (in his poem Comus (1634)). Two period songs use this name: One by William Byrd "Though Amaryllis Dance in Green" dated to before 1623, and the second by John Wilbye, "Adieu Sweet Amaryllis" dated 1609.

le Pouke is an English surname found in R&W p.357, sn Pook, Pouck, dated 1296, Richard le Pouke.

Name approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.

Aurora Galena New Name and New Device: *Sable, two scarps gules, fimbriated argent, overall a celtic cross Or.*

[Name] Submitter desires a feminine name, accepts minor but not major changes, and cares most about sound.

Submitted as **Aurora Galenus**, the name was changed to Aurora Galena, to match the expected feminine form.

Aurora - Greek woman's given name found in Withycombe p. 37, as well as De Felice's Nomi p. 82. Aurora as a Roman name: the 11/06 LoAR under Aurora Komnene (West) says that Aurora is found in Roman Christian inscriptions. It also appears in a Roman inscription quoted in Fernando Lillo Redonet, Taller de Epigrafia Latina (<http://www.culturaclasica.com/colaboraciones/lillo/taller-epigrafia-latina.pdf>) on p. 37. There the name is Acilia Aurora, so Aurora is functioning as a cognomen

Galenus – A Roman name found in Dictionary of Christian Biographies, citing a second century physician in Rome Claudius Galenus, Lempriere p. 248. <Galenus> is a cognomen of a Roman man, <C. Heiuleius Galenus>, whose name appeared in an inscription described by Harry Langford Wilson ("Latin Inscriptions at the Johns Hopkins University. III", The American Journal of Philology, Vol. 30, No. 2 (1909), pp. 153-170; <http://www.jstor.org/stable/288669>) <Galena> is the expected feminine Latin form of masculine <Galenus> The name **Aurora Galena** would consist of two cognomina. While this is not the most usual Roman name construction, it should be plausible for a name from the later Empire.

[Armory]

"We are hereby returning to the original standard: the use of an overall charge surmounting a fimbriated ordinary is henceforth acceptable as long as identifiability is maintained. (June 2008 CL)"

[Armory] Conflict with "Sable, two scarpes gules fimbriated Or (Letitia of Blackthorn – 7/97) with only one CD for the addition of an overall charge. There is no CD for tincture change for the fimbriation.

Name approved as changed and forwarded to Laurel.

Device returned for conflict.

Bolo Justice al-Musaffir New Name and New Device: *Argent, a chevron and in chief a bar gules.*

[Name]

Bolo - masculine given name Onomasticon p. 110 dated to 274.

Justice - R&W p.259 As early as 1172 used of judicial officers and judges (Roger le Justice 1255)

al-Musaffir - Arabic - "the traveler"

The lingual mix of English and Arabic is a step from period practice. There is an additional step from period practice with the Anglo Saxon – English mix, which involves a 900 year disparity.

Name must be returned for multiple steps from period practice: Temporal disparity, and two lingual mixes.

Name is returned.

Device must returned, as the name is not registerable.

Einarr grabarðr Resub Kingdom Device: Ermine, on a fess vert, an ermine statant proper.

Device approved and forwarded to Laurel.